



Catalase Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-02856
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;;Fish
Applications	IF;WB;IHC;ELISA
Gene Name	CAT
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the C-terminal region of human CAT. AA range:478-527
Specificity	Catalase Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Catalase protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	IF: 1:50-200 Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	CAT;EC:1.11.1.6;Catalase
Observed Band	60kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	60kD
Cell Pathway	Peroxisome.
Tissue Specificity	Brain,Cajal-Retzius cell,Erythrocyte,Eye,Fibroblast,Kidney,Liver,Placenta, Platelet,Skin,Uterus,
Function	catalytic activity:2 H(2)O(2) = O(2) + 2 H(2)O.,cofactor:Heme group., cofactor:NADP.,disease:Defects in CAT are the cause of acatalasia (ACATLAS) [MIM:115500]; also known as acatalasemia. This disease is characterized by absence of catalase activity in red cells and is often associated with ulcerating oral lesions.,function:Occurs in almost all aerobically respiring organisms and serves to protect cells from the toxic effects of hydrogen peroxide. Promotes growth of cells including T-cells, B-cells, myeloid leukemia cells, melanoma cells, mastocytoma cells and normal and transformed fibroblast cells.,online information:Catalase entry,PTM:The N-terminus is blocked.,similarity:Belongs to the catalase family.,subunit:Homotetramer.,

**Background**

This gene encodes catalase, a key antioxidant enzyme in the bodies defense against oxidative stress. Catalase is a heme enzyme that is present in the peroxisome of nearly all aerobic cells. Catalase converts the reactive oxygen species hydrogen peroxide to water and oxygen and thereby mitigates the toxic effects of hydrogen peroxide. Oxidative stress is hypothesized to play a role in the development of many chronic or late-onset diseases such as diabetes, asthma, Alzheimer's disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, and cancers. Polymorphisms in this gene have been associated with decreases in catalase activity but, to date, acatalasemia is the only disease known to be caused by this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009],

matters needing attention

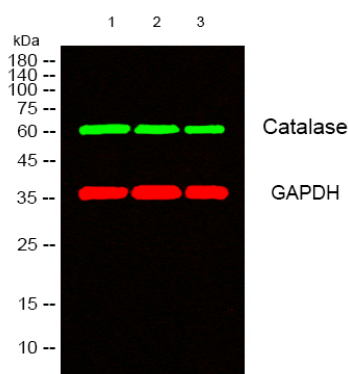
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

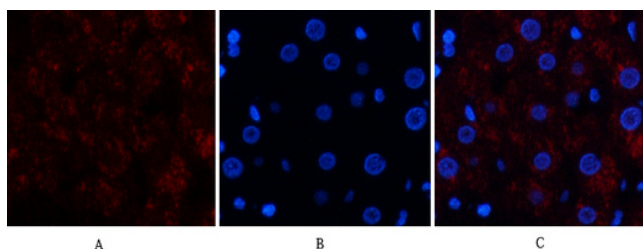
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



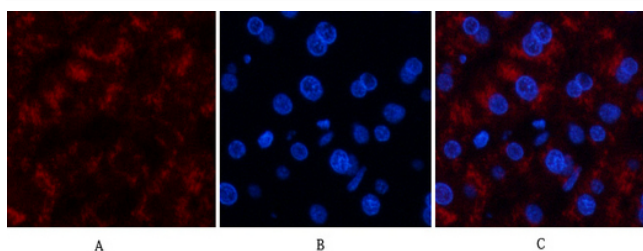
Products Images



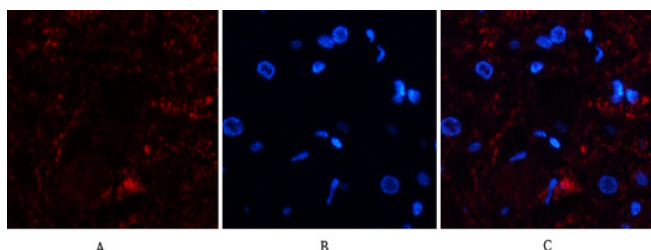
Western blot analysis of lysates from 1) HT29, 2) A549, 3) HELA cells, (Green) primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night, secondary antibody(cat:RS23920)was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour. (Red) GAPDH Monoclonal Antibody(2B8) (cat:YM3029) antibody was diluted at 1:5000 as loading control, 4° over night, secondary antibody(cat:RS23710)was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour.



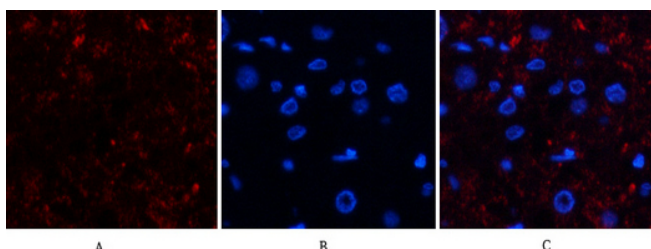
Immunofluorescence analysis of human-liver tissue. 1, Catalase Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min). 3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



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Immunofluorescence analysis of human-kidney-cancer tissue. 1, Catalase Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min). 3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



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