



AR- α 2A Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-13149
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	ADRA2A
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human ADRA2A. AA range:281-330
Specificity	AR- α 2A Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of AR- α 2A protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	$\geq 90\%$
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	ADRA2;ADRA2R;ADRAR;Alpha 2A adrenergic receptor;Alpha 2A adrenoceptor; AR- α 2A;ADRA2A;Alpha-2A adrenergic receptor;Alpha-2 adrenergic receptor subtype C10;Alpha-2A adrenoreceptor;Alpha-2A adrenoceptor;Alpha-2AAR
Observed Band	50kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	50kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein .
Tissue Specificity	Epithelium,Platelet,PNS,Testis,
Function	function:Alpha-2 adrenergic receptors mediate the catecholamine-induced inhibition of adenylate cyclase through the action of G proteins. The rank order of potency for agonists of this receptor is oxymetazoline > clonidine > epinephrine > norepinephrine > phenylephrine > dopamine > p-synephrine > p-tyramine > serotonin = p-octopamine. For antagonists, the rank order is yohimbine > phentolamine = mianserine > chlorpromazine = spiperone = prazosin > propranolol > alprenolol = pindolol.,similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.,



Background

Alpha-2-adrenergic receptors are members of the G protein-coupled receptor superfamily. They include 3 highly homologous subtypes: alpha2A, alpha2B, and alpha2C. These receptors have a critical role in regulating neurotransmitter release from sympathetic nerves and from adrenergic neurons in the central nervous system. Studies in mouse revealed that both the alpha2A and alpha2C subtypes were required for normal presynaptic control of transmitter release from sympathetic nerves in the heart and from central noradrenergic neurons; the alpha2A subtype inhibited transmitter release at high stimulation frequencies, whereas the alpha2C subtype modulated neurotransmission at lower levels of nerve activity. This gene encodes alpha2A subtype and it contains no introns in either its coding or untranslated sequences. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

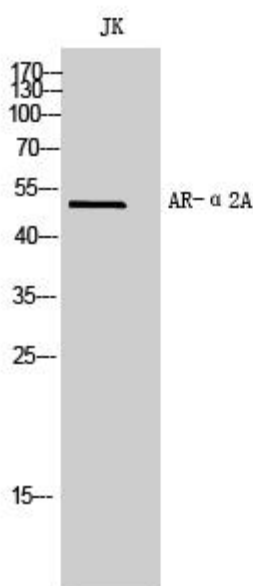
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using AR-α 2A Monoclonal Antibody