



DCLK1 mouse mAb

Catalog No	YP-mAb-11255
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	DCLK1 DCAMKL1 DCDC3A KIAA0369
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human DCLK1 AA range: 514-564
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of DCLK1 at Human/Mouse/Rat
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	DCAMKL1;DCDC3A;Doublecortin domain-containing protein 3A;Doublecortin-like and CAM kinase-;DCLK1;DCLK1 DCAMKL1 DCDC3A KIAA0369
Observed Band	
Calculated Molecular Weight	
Cell Pathway	intracellular,integral component of plasma membrane,postsynaptic density,
Tissue Specificity	In fetal tissues, highly expressed in brain, detectable in lung and liver, but not in kidney. In adult tissues, expressed ubiquitously in the brain, detectable in the heart, liver, spleen, thymus, prostate, testis, ovary, small intestine and colon. The type A isoforms seem to be expressed predominantly in fetal brain whereas type B isoforms are expressed abundantly in both fetal and adult brain.
Function	alternative products:Additional isoforms seem to exist. Type A (AS and AL) and type B (BS and BL) isoforms differ respectively by the presence or absence of the doublecortin domain. An alternative splicing occurring in 3' of the mRNA produces the long (L) instead of the short (S) isoforms,catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,function:Probable kinase that may be involved in a calcium-signaling pathway controlling neuronal migration in the developing brain. May also participate in functions of the mature nervous system.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CAMK Ser/Thr



protein kinase family. CaMK subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Contains 2 doublecortin domains.,tissue specificity:In fetal tissues, highly expressed in brain, detectable in lung and liver, but not in kidney. In adult tissues, expressed ubiquitously in

Background

This gene encodes a member of the protein kinase superfamily and the doublecortin family. The protein encoded by this gene contains two N-terminal doublecortin domains, which bind microtubules and regulate microtubule polymerization, a C-terminal serine/threonine protein kinase domain, which shows substantial homology to Ca²⁺/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase, and a serine/proline-rich domain in between the doublecortin and the protein kinase domains, which mediates multiple protein-protein interactions. The microtubule-polymerizing activity of the encoded protein is independent of its protein kinase activity. The encoded protein is involved in several different cellular processes, including neuronal migration, retrograde transport, neuronal apoptosis and neurogenesis. This gene is up-regulated by brain-derived neurotrophic factor and associated with memory and general cognitive abilities. Multiple transcript variants generated by two alternative promoter usage and alternative splicing have been reported, but the full-length nature and biological validity of some variants have not been defined. These variants encode different isoforms, which are differentially expressed and have different kinase activities.[provided by RefSeq, Sep 2010],

matters needing attention

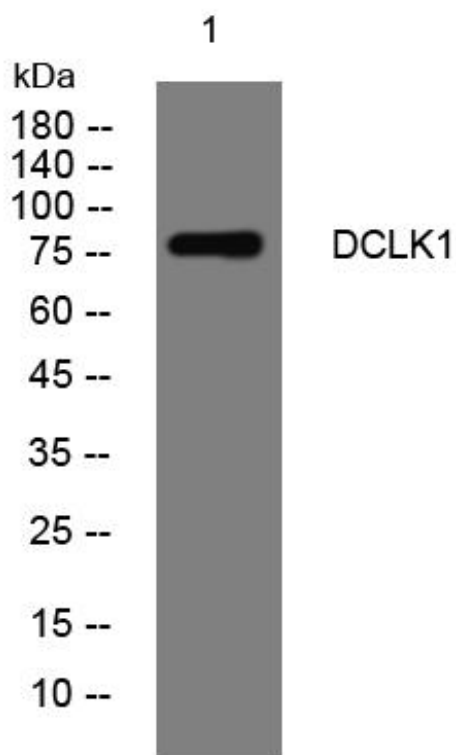
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using DCLK1 mouse mAb