



Shb Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-04208
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	SHB
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SHB. AA range:411-460
Specificity	Shb Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Shb protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	SH2 domain-containing adapter protein B;Shb
Observed Band	55kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	55kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Associates with membrane lipid rafts upon TCR stimulation.
Tissue Specificity	Widely expressed.
Function	domain:The SH2 domain preferentially binds phosphopeptides with the consensus sequence Y-[TVI]-X-L and mediates interaction with PDGFRA, PDGFRB, FGFR1, IL2RB, IL2RG, CD3Z and CRK/CrKII.,function:Adapter protein which regulates several signal transduction cascades by linking activated receptors to downstream signaling components. May play a role in angiogenesis by regulating FGFR1, VEGFR2 and PDGFR signaling. May also play a role in T-cell antigen receptor/TCR signaling, interleukin-2 signaling, apoptosis and neuronal cells differentiation by mediating basic-FGF and NGF-induced signaling cascades. May also regulate IRS1 and IRS2 signaling in insulin-producing cells.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon PDGFRA, PDGFRB, TCR, IL2 receptor, FGFR1 or VEGFR2 activation.,similarity:Contains 1 SH2 domain.,



subcellular location: Associates with membrane lipid rafts upon TCR stimulation.,
subunit: Interacts with P

Background

domain: The SH2 domain preferentially binds phosphopeptides with the consensus sequence Y-[TVI]-X-L and mediates interaction with PDGFRA, PDGFRB, FGFR1, IL2RB, IL2RG, CD3Z and CRK/CrkII., function: Adapter protein which regulates several signal transduction cascades by linking activated receptors to downstream signaling components. May play a role in angiogenesis by regulating FGFR1, VEGFR2 and PDGFR signaling. May also play a role in T-cell antigen receptor/TCR signaling, interleukin-2 signaling, apoptosis and neuronal cells differentiation by mediating basic-FGF and NGF-induced signaling cascades. May also regulate IRS1 and IRS2 signaling in insulin-producing cells., PTM: Phosphorylated upon PDGFRA, PDGFRB, TCR, IL2 receptor, FGFR1 or VEGFR2 activation., similarity: Contains 1 SH2 domain., subcellular location: Associates with membrane lipid rafts upon TCR stimulation., subunit: Interacts with PTPN11 (By similarity). Interacts with phosphorylated 'Tyr-720' of the ligand-activated receptor PDGFRA via its SH2 domain. Interacts with the ligand-activated receptors PDGFRB, FGFR1, KDR/VEGFR2, IL2RB and IL2RG. Interacts with EPS8 and V-SRC. Interacts with GRB2 and GRAP. Interacts with CD3Z. Interacts with tyrosine-phosphorylated LAT upon T-cell antigen receptor activation. Interacts with PLCG1. Interacts with ZAP70, LCP2/SLP-76, VAV1 and GRAP2. Interacts with JAK1 and JAK3. Interacts with PTK2/FAK1. Interacts with CRK/CrkII. Interacts with IRS2., tissue specificity: Widely expressed.,

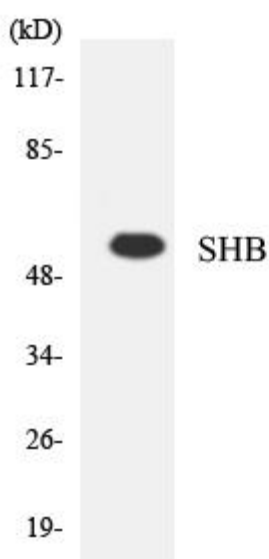
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Shb Monoclonal Antibody