



Nephrocystin-5 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-04037
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	IQCB1
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human IQCB1. AA range:431-480
Specificity	Nephrocystin-5 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Nephrocystin-5 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	IQCB1;NPHP5;IQ calmodulin-binding motif-containing protein 1;IQ motif containing B1;IQCB 1;Nephrocystin-5;KIAA0036;OK/SW-cl.85;p53 and DNA damage-regulated IQ motif protein;PIQ
Observed Band	69kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	69kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome, centriole . Localization to the centrosome depends on the interaction with CEP290/NPHP6.
Tissue Specificity	Ubiquitously expressed in fetal and adult tissues. Localized to the outer segments and connecting cilia of photoreceptor cells. Up-regulated in a number of primary colorectal and gastric tumors.
Function	disease:Defects in IQCB1 are the cause of Senior-Loken syndrome type 5 (SLSN5) [MIM:609254]. SLSN is a renal-retinal disorder, characterized by progressive wasting of the filtering unit of the kidney (nephronophthisis), with or without medullary cystic renal disease, and progressive eye disease. Typically this disorder becomes apparent during the first year of life.,similarity:Contains 4 IQ domains.,subunit:Interacts with calmodulin.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitously



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Background

This gene encodes a nephrocystin protein that interacts with calmodulin and the retinitis pigmentosa GTPase regulator protein. The encoded protein has a central coiled-coil region and two calmodulin-binding IQ domains. It is localized to the primary cilia of renal epithelial cells and connecting cilia of photoreceptor cells. The protein is thought to play a role in ciliary function. Defects in this gene result in Senior-Loken syndrome type 5. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. A pseudogene of this gene is found on chromosome 6. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2016],

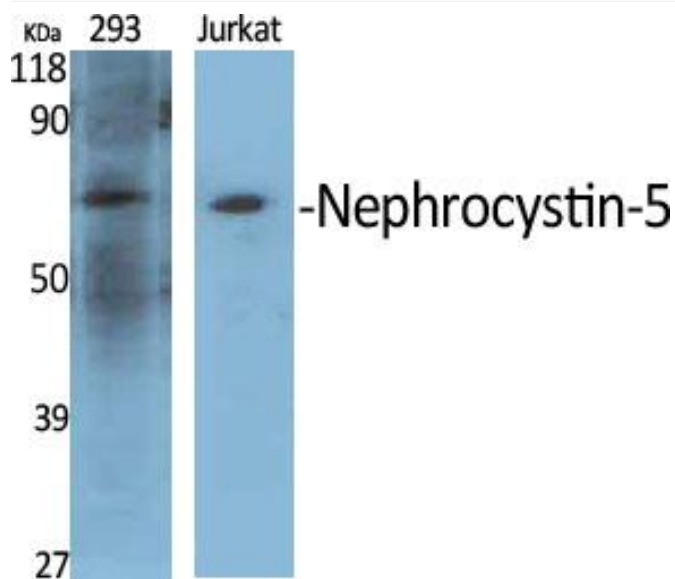
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Nephrocystin-5 Monoclonal Antibody