



Filamin 1 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-03135
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	FLNA
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Filamin A. AA range:2121-2170
Specificity	Filamin 1 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Filamin 1 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	ABP 28;ABP-28;Actin-binding protein 28;Alpha filamin;Alpha-filamin;APBX; CSBS;CVD1;Endothelial actin binding protein;Endothelial actin-binding protein; Filamin 1;Filamin A alpha;Filamin A;Filamin-1;Filamin-A;FLN;FLN-A;FLN1;FLNA; FLNA_HUMAN;FMD;MNS;NHBP;Non muscle filamin;Non-muscle filamin;OPD; OPD1;OPD2;XLVD;XMVD;Actin-binding protein 280;ABP-280
Observed Band	280kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	280kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm, cell cortex . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Perikaryon . Cell projection, growth cone . Colocalizes with CPMR1 in the central region of DRG neuron growth cone (By similarity). Following SEMA3A stimulation of DRG neurons, colocalizes with F-actin (By similarity). .
Tissue Specificity	Ubiquitous.
Function	disease:Defects in FLNA are associated with cerebrofrontofacial syndrome [MIM:608578]. This syndrome consists of a phenotype of male PVNH, with relatively normal development, no epilepsy or other neurological abnormality, severe constipation, and facial dysmorphism and without a discernible skeletal phenotype.,disease:Defects in FLNA are the cause of frontometaphyseal



dysplasia (FMD) [MIM:305620]. FMD is a congenital bone disease characterized by supraorbital hyperostosis, deafness and digital anomalies.,disease:Defects in FLNA are the cause of Melnick-Needles syndrome (MNS) [MIM:309350]. MNS is a severe congenital bone disorder characterized by typical facies (exophthalmos, full cheeks, micrognathia and malalignment of teeth), flaring of the metaphyses of long bones, s-like curvature of bones of legs, irregular constrictions in the ribs, and sclerosis of base of skull.,disease:Defects i

Background

filamin A(FLNA) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is an actin-binding protein that crosslinks actin filaments and links actin filaments to membrane glycoproteins. The encoded protein is involved in remodeling the cytoskeleton to effect changes in cell shape and migration. This protein interacts with integrins, transmembrane receptor complexes, and second messengers. Defects in this gene are a cause of several syndromes, including periventricular nodular heterotopias (PVNH1, PVNH4), otopalatodigital syndromes (OPD1, OPD2), frontometaphyseal dysplasia (FMD), Melnick-Needles syndrome (MNS), and X-linked congenital idiopathic intestinal pseudoobstruction (CIIPX). Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.[provided by RefSeq, Mar 2009],

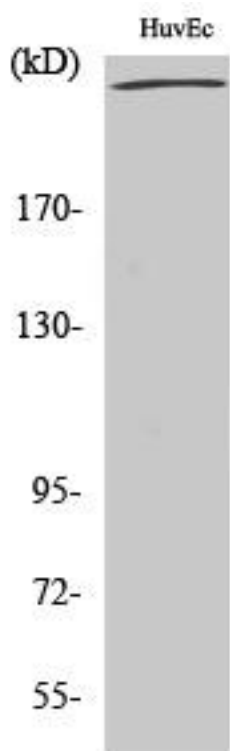
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Filamin 1 Monoclonal Antibody