



CYP17A1 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-02561
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	CYP17A1
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Cytochrome P450 17A1. AA range:221-270
Specificity	CYP17A1 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CYP17A1 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	17-alpha-hydroxyprogesterone aldolase;CPT7;CYP17;CYPXVII;Cytochrome P450 17A1;CYP17A1;Steroid 17-alpha-hydroxylase/17;20 lyase;S17AH;Cytochrome P450-C17;Cytochrome P450c17;Steroid 17-alpha-monooxygenase
Observed Band	50kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	50kD
Cell Pathway	Endoplasmic reticulum membrane . Microsome membrane .
Tissue Specificity	Brain,Corpus callosum,
Function	catalytic activity:A steroid + AH(2) + O(2) = a 17-alpha-hydroxysteroid + A + H(2) O.,cofactor:Heme group.,disease:Defects in CYP17A1 are the cause of adrenal hyperplasia type 5 (AH5) [MIM:202110]. AH5 is a form of congenital adrenal hyperplasia, a common recessive disease due to defective synthesis of cortisol. Congenital adrenal hyperplasia is characterized by androgen excess leading to ambiguous genitalia in affected females, rapid somatic growth during childhood in both sexes with premature closure of the epiphyses and short adult stature. Four clinical types: "salt wasting" (SW, the most severe type), "simple virilizing" (SV, less severely affected patients), with normal aldosterone biosynthesis, "non-classic form" or late onset (NC or LOAH), and "cryptic" (asymptomatic).,enzyme



regulation: Regulated predominantly by intracellular cAMP levels.,
function: Conversion of pregnenolone and p

Background

cytochrome P450 family 17 subfamily A member 1 (CYP17A1) Homo sapiens
This gene encodes a member of the cytochrome P450 superfamily of enzymes. The cytochrome P450 proteins are monooxygenases which catalyze many reactions involved in drug metabolism and synthesis of cholesterol, steroids and other lipids. This protein localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum. It has both 17 α -hydroxylase and 17,20-lyase activities and is a key enzyme in the steroidogenic pathway that produces progestins, mineralocorticoids, glucocorticoids, androgens, and estrogens. Mutations in this gene are associated with isolated steroid-17 α -hydroxylase deficiency, 17- α -hydroxylase/17,20-lyase deficiency, pseudohermaphroditism, and adrenal hyperplasia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

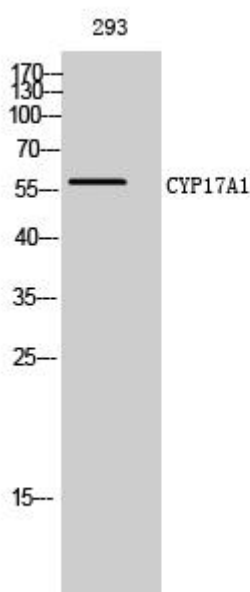
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using CYP17A1 Monoclonal Antibody