



TAL1 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-02072
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	TAL1
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human TAL-1. AA range:96-145
Specificity	TAL1 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of TAL1 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	bHLHa17;SCL;Stem cell protein;tal 1;TAL1;TCL5;T-cell acute lymphocytic leukemia protein 1;TAL-1;Class A basic helix-loop-helix protein 17;T-cell leukemia/lymphoma protein 5
Observed Band	45kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	45kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus .
Tissue Specificity	Leukemic stem cell.
Function	alternative products:The splicing pattern is cell-lineage dependent,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving TAL1 may be a cause of some T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemias (T-ALL). Translocation t(1;14)(p32;q11) with T-cell receptor alpha chain (TCRA) genes.,domain:The helix-loop-helix domain is necessary and sufficient for the interaction with DRG1.,function:Implicated in the genesis of hemopoietic malignancies. It may play an important role in hemopoietic differentiation. Serves as a positive regulator of erythroid differentiation.,PTM:Phosphorylated on serine residues. Phosphorylation of Ser-122 is strongly stimulated by hypoxia.,PTM:Ubiquitinated; subsequent to hypoxia-dependent phosphorylation of Ser-122, ubiquitination targets the protein



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Background

alternative products: The splicing pattern is cell-lineage dependent, disease: A chromosomal aberration involving TAL1 may be a cause of some T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemias (T-ALL). Translocation t(1;14)(p32;q11) with T-cell receptor alpha chain (TCRA) genes., domain: The helix-loop-helix domain is necessary and sufficient for the interaction with DRG1., function: Implicated in the genesis of hemopoietic malignancies. It may play an important role in hemopoietic differentiation. Serves as a positive regulator of erythroid differentiation., PTM: Phosphorylated on serine residues. Phosphorylation of Ser-122 is strongly stimulated by hypoxia., PTM: Ubiquitinated; subsequent to hypoxia-dependent phosphorylation of Ser-122, ubiquitination targets the protein for rapid degradation via the ubiquitin system. This process may be characteristic for microvascular endothelial cells, since it could not be observed in large vessel endothelial cells., similarity: Contains 1 basic helix-loop-helix (bHLH) domain., subunit: Efficient DNA binding requires dimerization with another bHLH protein. Forms heterodimers with TCF3. Binds to the LIM domain containing protein LMO2 and to DRG1. Can assemble in a complex with LDB1 and LMO2. Component of a TAL-1 complex composed at least of CBFA2T3, LDB1, TAL1 and TCF3., tissue specificity: Leukemic stem cell.,

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using TAL1
Monoclonal Antibody

