



Smad6 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-02019
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	SMAD6
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Smad6. AA range:323-372
Specificity	Smad6 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Smad6 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	hSMAD6;MADH6;Mothers against DPP homolog 6;SMAD family member 6; Smad6;Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 6;MAD homolog 6;SMAD 6
Observed Band	62kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	62kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus .
Tissue Specificity	Ubiquitous in various organs, with higher levels in lung. Isoform B is up-regulated in diseased heart tissue.
Function	function:Antagonist of signaling by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) type 1 receptor superfamily members; has been shown to inhibit selectively BMP (bone morphogenetic proteins) signaling by competing with the co-SMAD SMAD4 for receptor-activated SMAD1. SMAD6 is an inhibitory SMAD (I-SMAD) or antagonistic SMAD. Binds to regulatory elements in target promoter regions., PTM:Phosphorylated by BMP type 1 receptor kinase and by PRKX., similarity:Belongs to the dwarfin/SMAD family.,similarity:Contains 1 MH1 (MAD homology 1) domain.,similarity:Contains 1 MH2 (MAD homology 2) domain., subunit:Interacts with NEDD4L (By similarity). Interacts with RNF111 and AXIN1. Interacts with TGF-beta type I receptor superfamily members, SMAD1,



HOXC8 and HOXC9. Interacts with STAMPB and PRKX.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitous in various organs, with higher levels in lung. Isoform B is up-regulated in diseased he

Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD family of proteins, which are related to Drosophila 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and C. elegans Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein functions in the negative regulation of BMP and TGF-beta/activin-signalling. Multiple transcript variants have been found for this gene.[provided by RefSeq, Sep 2014]

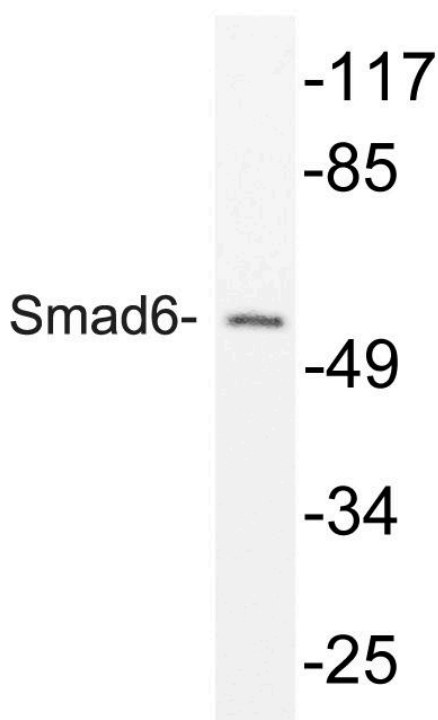
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Smad6 Monoclonal Antibody