



MRE11 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-00453
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	MRE11A
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human MRE11. AA range:230-279
Specificity	MRE11 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of MRE11 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	MRE11A;ATLD;Double-strand break repair protein MRE11;EC:3.1.-.-;HNGS1; MRE11;Double-strand break repair protein MRE11A;Meiotic recombination 11 homolog 1;MRE11 homolog 1;Meiotic recombination 11 homolog A;MRE11 homolog A
Observed Band	80kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	80kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus . Chromosome, telomere . Chromosome . Localizes to discrete nuclear foci after treatment with genotoxic agents. .
Tissue Specificity	Bladder,Brain,Epithelium,Lung,
Function	cofactor:Manganese.,disease:Defects in MRE11A are a cause of ataxia telangiectasia-like disorder (ATLD) [MIM:604391]. ATLD is a disease with the same clinical feature than ataxia-telangiectasia but with a somewhat milder clinical course.,disease:Defects in MRE11A may be a cause of breast cancer., function:Component of the MRN complex, which plays a central role in double-strand break (DSB) repair, DNA recombination, maintenance of telomere integrity and meiosis. The complex possesses single-strand endonuclease activity and double-strand-specific 3'-5' exonuclease activity, which are provided



by MRE11A. RAD50 may be required to bind DNA ends and hold them in close proximity. This could facilitate searches for short or long regions of sequence homology in the recombining DNA templates, and may also stimulate the activity of DNA ligases and/or restrict the nuclease activity of MRE11A to prev

Background

This gene encodes a nuclear protein involved in homologous recombination, telomere length maintenance, and DNA double-strand break repair. By itself, the protein has 3' to 5' exonuclease activity and endonuclease activity. The protein forms a complex with the RAD50 homolog; this complex is required for nonhomologous joining of DNA ends and possesses increased single-stranded DNA endonuclease and 3' to 5' exonuclease activities. In conjunction with a DNA ligase, this protein promotes the joining of noncomplementary ends in vitro using short homologies near the ends of the DNA fragments. This gene has a pseudogene on chromosome 3. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

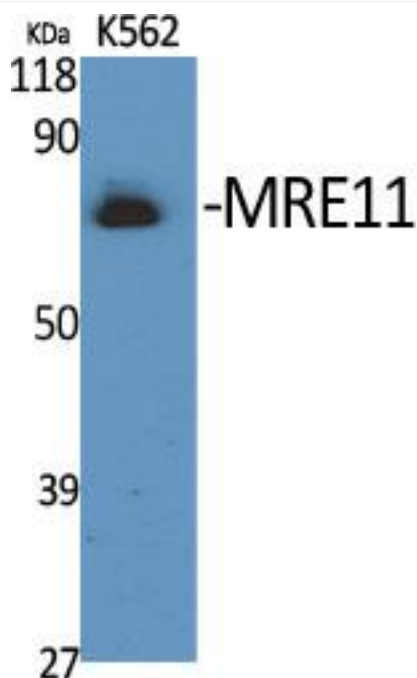
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using MRE11 Monoclonal Antibody