



IGF-IR Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-13366
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	IGF1R
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human IGF1R. AA range:1126-1175
Specificity	IGF-IR Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of IGF-IR protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	IGFR;CD221;IGFIR;JTK13;1R;IGF-IR;IGF1R;Insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor;Insulin-like growth factor I receptor;IGF-I receptor;CD antigen CD221;INSR;Insulin receptor;IR;CD antigen CD220
Observed Band	pro: 155kD, recetor beta: 95kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	pro: 155kD, recetor beta: 95kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein .
Tissue Specificity	Found as a hybrid receptor with INSR in muscle, heart, kidney, adipose tissue, skeletal muscle, hepatoma, fibroblasts, spleen and placenta (at protein level). Expressed in a variety of tissues. Overexpressed in tumors, including melanomas, cancers of the colon, pancreas prostate and kidney.
Function	catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,disease:Defects in IGF1R may be a cause in some cases of resistance to insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF1 resistance) [MIM:270450]. IGF1 resistance is a growth deficiency disorder characterized by intrauterine growth retardation and poor postnatal growth accompanied with increased plasma IGF1.,enzyme regulation:Autophosphorylation activates the kinase activity., function:This receptor binds insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF1) with a high affinity



and IGF2 with a lower affinity. It has a tyrosine-protein kinase activity, which is necessary for the activation of the IGF1-stimulated downstream signaling cascade. When present in a hybrid receptor with INSR, binds IGF1. PubMed:12138094 shows that hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and INSR isoform Long are activated with a high affinity by IGF1, with low a

Background

This receptor binds insulin-like growth factor with a high affinity. It has tyrosine kinase activity. The insulin-like growth factor I receptor plays a critical role in transformation events. Cleavage of the precursor generates alpha and beta subunits. It is highly overexpressed in most malignant tissues where it functions as an anti-apoptotic agent by enhancing cell survival. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images

