



TIM-1 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-10644
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	HAVCR1 KIM1 TIM1 TIMD1
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide from human protein at AA range: 40-100
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous TIM-1
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	HAVCR1;KIM-1;TIM-1;CD365;KIM 1;HAVCR1 KIM1 TIM1 TIMD1;Hepatitis A virus cellular receptor 1 (HAVcr-1) (Kidney injury molecule 1) (KIM-1) (T-cell immunoglobulin and mucin domain-containing protein 1) (TIMD-1) (T-cell membrane protein 1) (TIM-1) (TIM)
Observed Band	40-50kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	40-50kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein .
Tissue Specificity	Widely expressed, with highest levels in kidney and testis. Expressed by activated CD4+ T-cells during the development of helper T-cells responses.
Function	function:May play a role in T-helper cell development and the regulation of asthma and allergic diseases. Receptor for TIMD4 (By similarity). In case of human hepatitis A virus (HHAV) infection, functions as a cell-surface receptor for the virus.,polymorphism:HHAV seropositivity protects against atopy in individuals with the variants Met-Thr-Thr-Val-Pro-157 ins and Met-Thr-Thr-Thr-Val-Pro-157 ins. Modernisation has led to a reduction in HAV seroprevalence and thus, may be, to an increase of expression of atopy, such as asthma, allergic rhinitis and atopic dermatitis. Allelic variation does not affect HAV-infection rates in Caucasians, Asians and African Americans.,similarity:Belongs



to the immunoglobulin superfamily. TIM family.,similarity:Contains 1 Ig-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.,tissue specificity:Widely expressed, with highest levels in kidney and testis. Expressed by ac

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a membrane receptor for both human hepatitis A virus (HHAV) and TIMD4. The encoded protein may be involved in the moderation of asthma and allergic diseases. The reference genome represents an allele that retains a MTTVP amino acid segment that confers protection against atopy in HHAV seropositive individuals. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 4, 12 and 19. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2015],

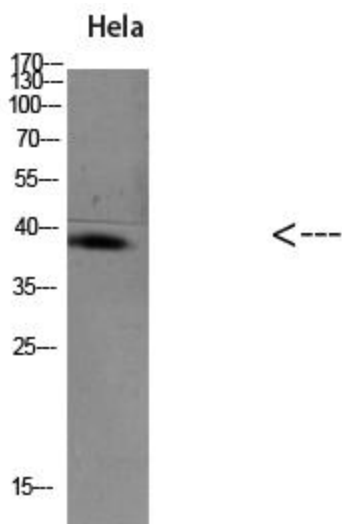
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using TIM-1 Monoclonal Antibody