



Mcl-1 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-00442
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	MCL1
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human MCL1. AA range:91-140
Specificity	Mcl-1 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Mcl-1 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	Bcl2-L-3;Bcl-2-like protein 3;Bcl-2-related protein EAT/mcl1;EAT;Induced myeloid leukemia cell differentiation protein Mcl-1;Mcl-1;MCL1;BCL2L3;mcl1/EAT
Observed Band	About 40kd in human 39kd in mouse and rat
Calculated Molecular Weight	About 40kd in human,39kd in mouse and rat
Cell Pathway	Membrane ; Single-pass membrane protein . Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Cytoplasmic, associated with mitochondria.
Tissue Specificity	Ewing sarcoma,Mammary gland,Myeloid leukemia cell,Neuroblastoma,Placenta,Th
Function	function:Involved in the regulation of apoptosis versus cell survival, and in the maintenance of viability but not of proliferation. Mediates its effects by interactions with a number of other regulators of apoptosis. Isoform 1 inhibits apoptosis while isoform 2 promotes it.,induction:Expression increases early during phorbol-ester induced differentiation along the monocyte/macrophage pathway in myeloid leukemia cell lines ML-1. Rapidly up-regulated by CSF2 in ML-1 cells. Up-regulated by heat-shock induced differentiation. Expression increases early during retinoic acid-induced differentiation.,PTM:Cleaved by CASP3 during apoptosis. In intact cells cleavage occurs preferentially after Asp-



127, yielding a pro-apoptotic 28 kDa C-terminal fragment.,PTM:Phosphorylated on Thr-163. Treatment with taxol or okadaic acid induces phosphorylation on additional sites.,PTM:Rapidly degraded in the abs

Background

This gene encodes an anti-apoptotic protein, which is a member of the Bcl-2 family. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. The longest gene product (isoform 1) enhances cell survival by inhibiting apoptosis while the alternatively spliced shorter gene products (isoform 2 and isoform 3) promote apoptosis and are death-inducing. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2010],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Mcl-1 Monoclonal Antibody