



SIAH1 rabbit pAb

Catalog No	YP-Ab-09051
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	SIAH1 HUMSIAH
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human SIAH1 AA range: 157-207
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of SIAH1 at Human/Rat
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	hSIAH1;HUMSIAH;Seven in absentia homolog 1;Siah 1;Siah 1a;SIAH1;SIAH1 HUMSIAH
Observed Band	
Calculated Molecular Weight	
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Predominantly cytoplasmic. Partially nuclear.
Tissue Specificity	Widely expressed at a low level. Down-regulated in advanced hepatocellular carcinomas.
Function	domain:The RING-type zinc finger domain is essential for ubiquitin ligase activity.,domain:The SBD domain (substrate-binding domain) mediates the homodimerization and the interaction with substrate proteins. It is related to the TRAF family.,function:E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that mediates ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins. E3 ubiquitin ligases accept ubiquitin from an E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme in the form of a thioester and then directly transfers the ubiquitin to targeted substrates. Mediates E3 ubiquitin ligase activity either through direct binding to substrates or by functioning as the essential RING domain subunit of larger E3 complexes. Triggers the ubiquitin-mediated degradation of many substrates, including proteins involved in transcription regulation (MYB, POU2AF1, PML and RBBP8),



a cell surface receptor (DCC), cytoplasmic signal

Background

This gene encodes a protein that is a member of the seven in absentia homolog (SIAH) family. The protein is an E3 ligase and is involved in ubiquitination and proteasome-mediated degradation of specific proteins. The activity of this ubiquitin ligase has been implicated in the development of certain forms of Parkinson's disease, the regulation of the cellular response to hypoxia and induction of apoptosis. Alternative splicing results in several additional transcript variants, some encoding different isoforms and others that have not been fully characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

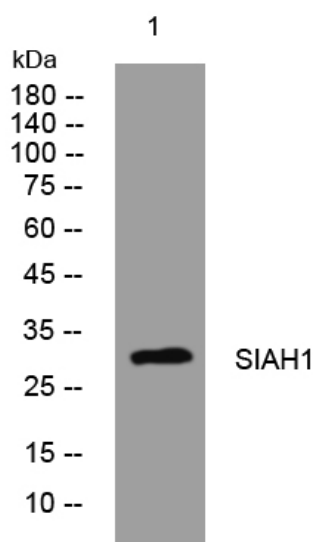
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night