



TIM50 rabbit pAb

Catalog No	YP-Ab-07929
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human; Mouse
Applications	WB
Gene Name	TIMM50 TIM50 PRO1512
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human TIM50 AA range: 109-159
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of TIM50 at Human/Mouse
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.43% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	PRO1512;TIM50;TIM50L;TIMM50 TIM50 PRO1512;Mitochondrial import inner membrane translocase subunit TIM50
Observed Band	38kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	38kD
Cell Pathway	Mitochondrion inner membrane ; Single-pass membrane protein .; [Isoform 2]: Nucleus speckle . Nuclear and enriched in speckles with snRNPs. .
Tissue Specificity	Widely expressed. Expressed at higher level in brain, kidney and liver (at protein level).
Function	domain:The FCP1 homology domain does not contain the canonical D-x-D-x-[TV] active site, suggesting that it probably does not display phosphatase activity in vivo.,function:Essential component of the TIM23 complex, a complex that mediates the translocation of transit peptide-containing proteins across the mitochondrial inner membrane. Has some phosphatase activity in vitro; however such activity may not be relevant in vivo. Isoform 2 may participate in the release of snRNPs and SMN from the Cajal body.,sequence caution:Chimera.,similarity:Belongs to the TIM50 family.,similarity:Contains 1 FCP1 homology domain.,subcellular location:Nuclear and enriched in speckles with snRNPs.,subunit:Component of the TIM23 complex at least composed of TIMM23,



TIMM17 (TIMM17A or TIMM17B) and TIMM50. Interacts directly with TIMM23. Isoform 2 interacts with COIL and snRNPs.,tissue specificity:Widely express

Background

This gene encodes a subunit of the TIM23 inner mitochondrial membrane translocase complex. The encoded protein functions as the receptor subunit that recognizes the mitochondrial targeting signal, or presequence, on protein cargo that is destined for the mitochondrial inner membrane and matrix. This protein may also play a role in maintaining the membrane permeability barrier, and knockdown of this gene in human cells results in the release of cytochrome c and apoptosis. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2016],

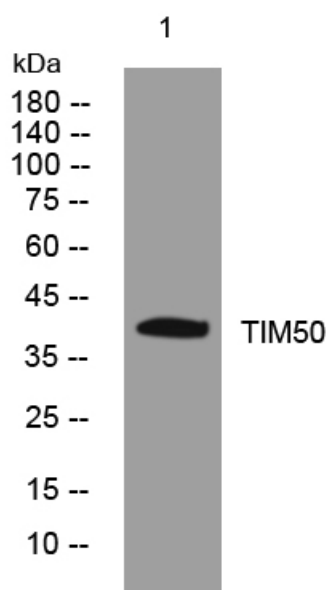
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from KB cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night