



TAF9 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-07789
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	TAF9 TAF2G TAFII31
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein
Specificity	TAF9 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	MGC:567;STAF31/32;TAF2G;TAFII-31;TAFII-32;TAFII31;TAFII32;TAFIID32;23112M9Rik;CINAP;TAF9_BOVIN;TAF9;TAF9_HUMAN;RNA polymerase II TBP-associated factor subunit G;Transcription initiation factor TFIID 31 kDa subunit (TAFII-31 TAFII31);Transcription initiation factor TFIID 32 kDa subunit (TAFII-32 TAFII32);TAF9_MOUSE;TAF9_RAT;TATA-box binding protein associated factor 9;TATA box binding protein (TBP)-associated factor;RNA polymerase II;G;32kD;TAF9 RNA polymerase II;32kDa;TAF9 TAF2G TAFII31;Transcription initiation factor TFIID subunit 9 (RNA polymerase II TBP-associated factor subunit G) (STAF31/32) (Transcription initiation factor TFIID 31 kDa subunit) (TAFII-31) (TAFII31) (Transcripti
Observed Band	29kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	29kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus .
Tissue Specificity	Adrenal gland,Brain,Epithelium,Lymph,Placenta,Testis,
Function	catalytic activity:ATP + AMP = 2 ADP.,function:Broad activity as an NMP kinase. AMP and dAMP are the preferred substrates of all tested NMPs, but CMP and dCMP are also good substrates. IMP can be phosphorylated, but to a much lesser extent. Adenylate and cytidylate can serve as phosphate acceptors.,



function: Essential for cell viability. TAF9 and TAF9B are involved in transcriptional activation as well as repression of distinct but overlapping sets of genes. May have a role in gene regulation associated with apoptosis. TAFs are components of the transcription factor IID (TFIID) complex, the TBP-free TAFII complex (TFTC), the PCAF histone acetylase complex and the STAGA transcription coactivator-HAT complex. TFIID or TFTC are essential for the regulation of RNA polymerase II-mediated transcription. induction: 6 to 8-fold by apoptotic signals. similarity: Belongs to the adenylate kinase family

Background

Initiation of transcription by RNA polymerase II requires the activities of more than 70 polypeptides. The protein that coordinates these activities is transcription factor IID (TFIID), which binds to the core promoter to position the polymerase properly, serves as the scaffold for assembly of the remainder of the transcription complex, and acts as a channel for regulatory signals. TFIID is composed of the TATA-binding protein (TBP) and a group of evolutionarily conserved proteins known as TBP-associated factors or TAFs. TAFs may participate in basal transcription, serve as coactivators, function in promoter recognition or modify general transcription factors (GTFs) to facilitate complex assembly and transcription initiation. This gene encodes one of the smaller subunits of TFIID that binds to the basal transcription factor GTF2B as well as to several transcriptional activators

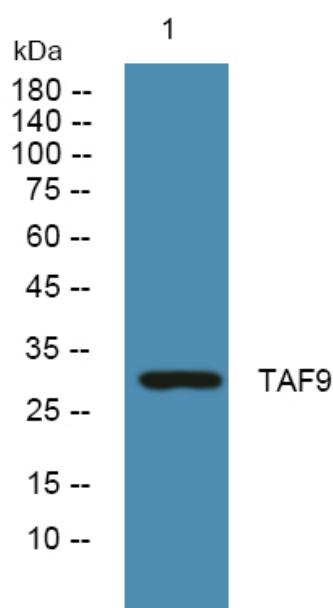
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from SW480 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4°C over night