



CAP7 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-07352
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	AZU1
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 51-100
Specificity	CAP7 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	AZAMP;AZU;CAP37;HBP;HUMAZUR;NAZC;hHBP;CAP7_HUMAN;AZU1; Cationic antimicrobial protein CAP37;Heparin-binding protein (HBP hHBP); CAP7;Azurocidin (Cationic antimicrobial protein CAP37) (Heparin-binding protein) (HBP)
Observed Band	27kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	27kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasmic granule membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Localizes to azurophil granules of neutrophil granulocytes. Also called primary granules, these specialized lysosomes of the neutrophil formed early during promyelocyte development store antibacterial proteins and peptides. .
Tissue Specificity	Leukocyte,Liver,Lung,Neutrophil,
Function	function:This is a neutrophil granule-derived antibacterial and monocyte- and fibroblast-specific chemotactic glycoprotein. Binds heparin. The cytotoxic action is limited to many species of Gram-negative bacteria; this specificity may be explained by a strong affinity of the very basic N-terminal half for the negatively charged lipopolysaccharides that are unique to the Gram-negative bacterial outer envelope. It may play a role in mediating recruitment of monocytes in the second wave of inflammation. Has antibacterial activity against the Gram-



negative bacterium *P.aeruginosa*, this activity is inhibited by LPS from *P.aeruginosa*. Acting alone, it does not have antimicrobial activity against the Gram-negative bacteria *A.actinomycetemcomitans* ATCC 29532, *A.actinomycetemcomitans* NCTC 9709, *A.actinomycetemcomitans* FDC-Y4, *H.aphrophilus* ATCC 13252, *E.corrodens* ATCC 23834, *C.sputigena* ATCC 33123

Background

Azurophil granules, specialized lysosomes of the neutrophil, contain at least 10 proteins implicated in the killing of microorganisms. This gene encodes a preproprotein that is proteolytically processed to generate a mature azurophil granule antibiotic protein, with monocyte chemotactic and antimicrobial activity. It is also an important multifunctional inflammatory mediator. This encoded protein is a member of the serine protease gene family but it is not a serine proteinase, because the active site serine and histidine residues are replaced. The genes encoding this protein, neutrophil elastase 2, and proteinase 3 are in a cluster located at chromosome 19pter. All 3 genes are expressed coordinately and their protein products are packaged together into azurophil granules during neutrophil differentiation. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015],

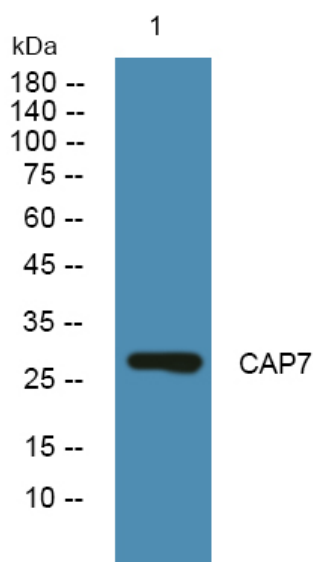
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jarkat cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night