



TLR9 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-07219
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	TLR9 UNQ5798/PRO19605
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 400-480
Specificity	TLR9 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	CD289;toll like receptor 9;Toll-like receptor 9;UNQ5798/PRO19605;TLR9;TLR9 UNQ5798/PRO19605;Toll-like receptor 9 (CD antigen CD289)
Observed Band	120 kDa, 60 kDa
Calculated Molecular Weight	1032 aa, 116 kDa
Cell Pathway	Endoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Endosome . Lysosome . Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome . Relocalizes from endoplasmic reticulum to endosome and lysosome upon stimulation with agonist. Exit from the ER requires UNC93B1. Endolysosomal localization is required for proteolytic cleavage and subsequent activation. Intracellular localization of the active receptor may prevent from responding to self nucleic acid. .
Tissue Specificity	Highly expressed in spleen, lymph node, tonsil and peripheral blood leukocytes, especially in plasmacytoid pre-dendritic cells. Levels are much lower in monocytes and CD11c+ immature dendritic cells. Also detected in lung and liver.
Function	alternative products:Additional isoforms seem to exist,function:Participates in the innate immune response to microbial agents. Detects the unmethylated cytidine-phosphate-guanosine (CpG) motifs present in bacterial DNA. Acts via MYD88 and TRAF6, leading to NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine secretion and the



inflammatory response.,similarity:Belongs to the Toll-like receptor family.,
similarity:Contains 1 TIR domain.,similarity:Contains 26 LRR (leucine-rich)
repeats.,subunit:Binds MYD88 via their respective TIR domains.,tissue
specificity:Highly expressed in spleen, lymph node, tonsil and peripheral blood
leukocytes, especially in plasmacytoid pre-dendritic cells. Levels are much lower
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Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the Toll-like receptor (TLR) family which plays a fundamental role in pathogen recognition and activation of innate immunity. TLRs are highly conserved from Drosophila to humans and share structural and functional similarities. They recognize pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPs) that are expressed on infectious agents, and mediate the production of cytokines necessary for the development of effective immunity. The various TLRs exhibit different patterns of expression. This gene is preferentially expressed in immune cell rich tissues, such as spleen, lymph node, bone marrow and peripheral blood leukocytes. Studies in mice and human indicate that this receptor mediates cellular response to unmethylated CpG dinucleotides in bacterial DNA to mount an innate immune response. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images