



UNC5C Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-05819
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	UNC5C UNC5H3
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 60-140
Specificity	UNC5C Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	UNC5C;UNC5H3;Protein unc-5 homolog C;Protein unc-5 homolog 3;Netrin receptor UNC5C;UNC5C UNC5H3;Netrin receptor UNC5C (Protein unc-5 homolog 3) (Protein unc-5 homolog C)
Observed Band	102kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	102kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Cell surface . Cell junction, synapse, synaptosome . Cell projection, axon . Cell projection, dendrite . Cell projection, growth cone . Cell projection, lamellipodium . Cell projection, filopodium .
Tissue Specificity	Mainly expressed in brain (PubMed:9782087). Expressed in temporal lobe cortical neurons and in neurons of the hippocampal pyramidal layer (PubMed:25419706). Also expressed in kidney (PubMed:9782087). Not expressed in developing or adult lung (PubMed:9782087).
Function	function:Receptor for netrin required for axon guidance. Mediates axon repulsion of neuronal growth cones in the developing nervous system upon ligand binding. Axon repulsion in growth cones may be caused by its association with DCC that may trigger signaling for repulsion. Also involved in corticospinal tract axon guidances independently of DCC. It also acts as a dependence receptor



required for apoptosis induction when not associated with netrin ligand., miscellaneous:Down-regulated in multiple cancers including colorectal, breast, ovary, uterus, stomach, lung, or kidney cancers.,PTM:Phosphorylated on different cytoplasmic tyrosine residues. Phosphorylation of Tyr-568 leads to an interaction with PTPN11 phosphatase, suggesting that its activity is regulated by phosphorylation/dephosphorylation. Tyrosine phosphorylation is netrin-dependent.,PTM:Proteolytically cleaved by caspases during

Background

This gene product belongs to the UNC-5 family of netrin receptors. Netrins are secreted proteins that direct axon extension and cell migration during neural development. They are bifunctional proteins that act as attractants for some cell types and as repellents for others, and these opposite actions are thought to be mediated by two classes of receptors. The UNC-5 family of receptors mediate the repellent response to netrin; they are transmembrane proteins containing 2 immunoglobulin (Ig)-like domains and 2 type I thrombospondin motifs in the extracellular region. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

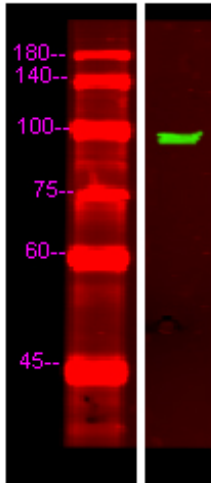
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of Hela lysis, using primary antibody at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS23920) was diluted at 1:10000