



ULA1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-05814
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	NAE1 APPBP1 HPP1
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 390-470
Specificity	ULA1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	NAE1;HPP1;HPP 1;APP-BP1;APP BP1;ULA1;NAE1 APPBP1 HPP1;NEDD8-activating enzyme E1 regulatory subunit (Amyloid beta precursor protein-binding protein 1;59 kDa) (APP-BP1) (Amyloid protein-binding protein 1) (Proto-oncogene protein 1)
Observed Band	60 kDa
Calculated Molecular Weight	60 kDa
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane . Colocalizes with APP in lipid rafts.
Tissue Specificity	Ubiquitous in fetal tissues. Expressed throughout the adult brain.
Function	caution:The sequence shown here is derived from an Ensembl automatic analysis pipeline and should be considered as preliminary data.,enzyme regulation:Binding of TP53BP2 to the regulatory subunit NAE1 decreases neddylation activity.,function:Regulatory subunit of the dimeric UBA3-NAE1 E1 enzyme. E1 activates NEDD8 by first adenylating its C-terminal glycine residue with ATP, thereafter linking this residue to the side chain of the catalytic cysteine, yielding a NEDD8-UBA3 thioester and free AMP. E1 finally transfers NEDD8 to the catalytic cysteine of UBE2M. Necessary for cell cycle progression through the S-M checkpoint. Overexpression of NAE1 causes apoptosis through deregulation of NEDD8 conjugation.,miscellaneous:NAE1 and UBA3 correspond



to the N-terminal and the C-terminal part of yeast UBA3. In yeast the two subunits form a single polypeptide chain.,pathway:Protein modification; pro

Background

The protein encoded by this gene binds to the beta-amyloid precursor protein. Beta-amyloid precursor protein is a cell surface protein with signal-transducing properties, and it is thought to play a role in the pathogenesis of Alzheimer's disease. In addition, the encoded protein can form a heterodimer with UBE1C and bind and activate NEDD8, a ubiquitin-like protein. This protein is required for cell cycle progression through the S/M checkpoint. Three transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images