



MYH8 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-05773
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	MYH8
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 760-840
Specificity	MYH8 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	MYH8;MYH8-Specific;MyHC peri;MyHC perinatal;MyHC pn;Myosin 8;Myosin heavy chain 8;Myosin-8 (Myosin heavy chain 8) (Myosin heavy chain;skeletal muscle;perinatal) (MyHC-perinatal)
Observed Band	220-230 kDa
Calculated Molecular Weight	223 kDa
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm, myofibril. Thick filaments of the myofibrils.
Tissue Specificity	Skeletal muscle,
Function	disease:Defects in MYH8 are a cause of Carney complex variant [MIM:608837]. Carney complex is a multiple neoplasia syndrome characterized by spotty skin pigmentation, cardiac and other myxomas, endocrine tumors, and psammomatous melanotic schwannomas. Familial cardiac myxomas are associated with spotty pigmentation of the skin and other phenotypes, including primary pigmented nodular adrenocortical dysplasia, extracardiac (frequently cutaneous) myxomas, schwannomas, and pituitary, thyroid, testicular, bone, ovarian, and breast tumors. Cardiac myxomas do not develop in all patients with the Carney complex, but affected patients have at least two features of the complex or one feature and a clinically significant family history.,disease:Defects in MYH8 are a cause of trismus-pseudocamptodactyly syndrome [MIM:158300];



also called Hecht-Beals or Dutch-Kentucky syndrome. The trismus-pseudocam

Background

Myosins are actin-based motor proteins that function in the generation of mechanical force in eukaryotic cells. Muscle myosins are heterohexamers composed of 2 myosin heavy chains and 2 pairs of nonidentical myosin light chains. This gene encodes a member of the class II or conventional myosin heavy chains, and functions in skeletal muscle contraction. This gene is predominantly expressed in fetal skeletal muscle. This gene is found in a cluster of myosin heavy chain genes on chromosome 17. A mutation in this gene results in trismus-pseudocamptodactyly syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images