



CHD8 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-05468
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	IHC;IF
Gene Name	CHD8 HELSNF1 KIAA1564
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein
Specificity	CHD8 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	IHC-p 1:50-300. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	ATP dependent helicase CHD8;CHD 8;CHD8;DKFZp686N17164;Helicase with SNF2 domain 1;HELSNF1;KIAA1564;CHD8 HELSNF1 KIAA1564; Chromodomain-helicase-DNA-binding protein 8 (CHD-8) (EC 3.6.4.12) (ATP-dependent helicase CHD8) (Helicase with SNF2 domain 1)
Observed Band	283kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	283kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus . Localizes to the promoter regions of several CTNNB1-responsive genes. Also present at known CTCF target sites. .
Tissue Specificity	Brain,Duodenum,Epithelium,Liver,Lung,Lymph node,Spleen,Uter
Function	function:DNA helicase that acts as a chromatin remodeling factor and regulates transcription. Acts as a transcription repressor by remodeling chromatin structure and recruiting histone H1 to target genes. Suppresses p53/TP53-mediated apoptosis by recruiting histone H1 and preventing p53/TP53 transactivation activity. Acts as a negative regulator of Wnt signaling pathway by regulating beta-catenin (CTNNB1) activity. Negatively regulates CTNNB1-targeted gene expression by being recruited specifically to the promoter regions of several CTNNB1 responsive genes. Involved in both enhancer blocking and epigenetic remodeling at chromatin boundary via its interaction with CTCF. Acts



as a suppressor of STAT3 activity by suppressing the LIF-induced STAT3 transcriptional activity. Also acts as a transcription activator via its interaction with ZNF143 by participating to efficient U6 RNA polymerase I

Background

This gene encodes a DNA helicase that functions as a transcription repressor by remodeling chromatin structure. It binds beta-catenin and negatively regulates Wnt signaling pathway, which plays a pivotal role in vertebrate early development and morphogenesis. Mice lacking this gene exhibit early embryonic death. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2010],

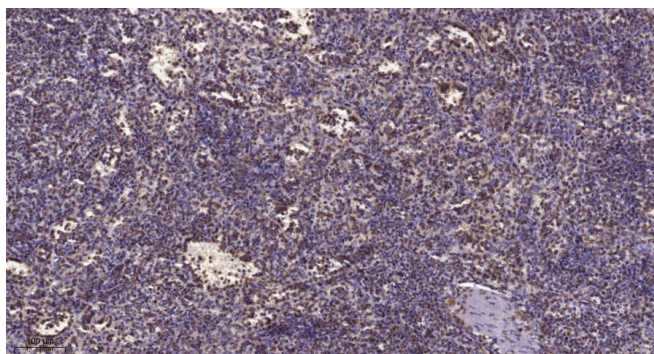
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

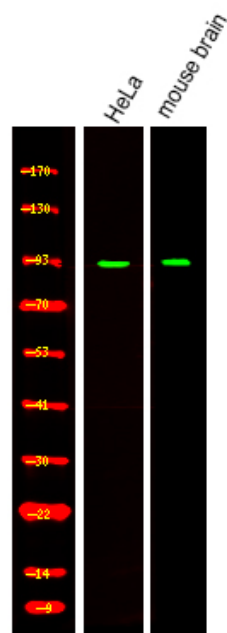
Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human spleen. 1, Tris-EDTA, pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 2 Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C overnight). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 45 min).



Western Blot analysis of various, using primary antibody at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody (catalog#: RS23920) was diluted at 1:10000