



TIF1γ Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-03446
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat;Bovine;Dog;Pig
Applications	WB;IF,IHC
Gene Name	TRIM33
Immunogen	Purified recombinant human TIF1γ (C-terminus) protein fragments expressed in E.coli.
Specificity	TIF1γ Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of TIF1γ protein.
Formulation	Purified mouse monoclonal in buffer containing 0.1M Tris-Glycine (pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl) with 0.2% sodium azide, 50% glycerol.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse
Purification	Affinity purification
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/1000 - 1/2000. Immunofluorescence: 1/100 - 1/500. IHC 1:50-200 Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	TIF1γ;TRIM33;E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase TRIM33;KIAA1113;RFG7;TIF1G; Ectodermin homolog;RET-fused gene 7 protein;Protein Rfg7;Transcription intermediary factor 1-gamma;TIF1-gamma;Tripartite motif-containing protein 33
Observed Band	
Calculated Molecular Weight	
Cell Pathway	Nucleus . In discrete nuclear dots resembling nuclear bodies. .
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in stem cells at the bottom of the crypts of the colon (at protein level). Expressed in colon adenomas and adenocarcinomas (at protein level). Expressed in brain, lung, liver, spleen, thymus, prostate, kidney, testis, heart, placenta, pancreas, small intestine, ovary, colon, skeletal muscle and hematopoietic progenitors.
Function	disease:A chromosomal aberration involving TRIM33 is a cause of thyroid papillary carcinoma (PACT) [MIM:188550]. Translocation t(1;10)(p13;q11) with RET. The translocation generates the TRIM33/RET (PTC7) oncogene., function:Acts as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase. Promotes SMAD4 ubiquitination, nuclear exclusion and degradation via the ubiquitin proteasome pathway. According to PubMed:16751102, does not promote a decrease in the level of



endogenous SMAD4. May act as a transcriptional repressor. Inhibits the transcriptional response to TGF-beta/BMP signaling cascade. Plays a role in the control of cell proliferation. Its association with SMAD2 and SMAD3 stimulates erythroid differentiation of hematopoietic stem/progenitor (By similarity). Monoubiquitinates SMAD4 and acts as an inhibitor of SMAD4-dependent TGF-beta/BMP signaling cascade (Monoubiquitination of SMAD4 hampers its ability to for

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is thought to be a transcriptional corepressor. However, molecules that interact with this protein have not yet been identified. The protein is a member of the tripartite motif family. This motif includes three zinc-binding domains, a RING, a B-box type 1 and a B-box type 2, and a coiled-coil region. Three alternatively spliced transcript variants for this gene have been described, however, the full-length nature of one variant has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

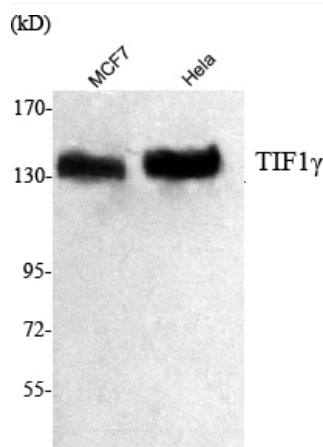
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

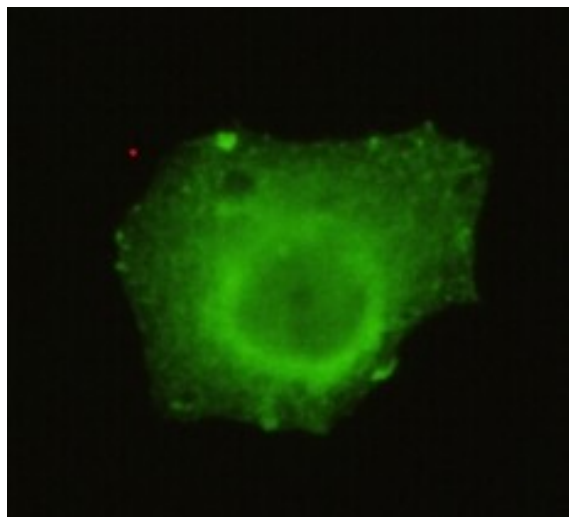
Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis using TIF1γ Monoclonal Antibody against MCF7 cell lysate, HeLa nuclear extract.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using TIF1γ Monoclonal Antibody.