



Crystallin- α B Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-03390
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	CRYAB
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of Crystallin- α B (aa1-175) expressed in E. Coli.
Specificity	Crystallin- α B Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Crystallin- α B protein.
Formulation	Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide,0.5% BSA, 50%glycerol.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse
Purification	Affinity purification
Dilution	WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000.. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	$\geq 90\%$
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	Crystallin- α B;CRYAB;Alpha-crystallin B chain;CRYA2;Alpha(B)-crystallin;Heat shock protein beta-5;HspB5;Renal carcinoma antigen NY-REN-27;Rosenthal fiber component
Observed Band	
Calculated Molecular Weight	
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Secreted . Lysosome . Translocates to the nucleus during heat shock and resides in sub-nuclear structures known as SC35 speckles or nuclear splicing speckles (PubMed:19464326). Localizes at the Z-bands and the intercalated disk in cardiomyocytes (PubMed:28493373). Can be secreted; the secretion is dependent on protein unfolding and facilitated by the cargo receptor TMED10; it results in protein translocation from the cytoplasm into the ERGIC (endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment) followed by vesicle entry and secretion (PubMed:32272059). .
Tissue Specificity	Lens as well as other tissues (PubMed:838078, PubMed:2387586). Expressed in myocardial tissue (PubMed:28493373).
Function	disease:Crystallins do not turn over as the lens ages, providing ample opportunity for post-translational modifications or oxidations. These modifications may change crystallin solubility properties and favor senile



cataract.,disease:Defects in CRYAB are the cause of alpha-B crystallinopathy [MIM:608810]. Alpha-B crystallinopathy is a an autosomal dominant form of desmin-related myopathy (DRM) that results in weakness of the proximal and distal limb muscle (including neck, velopharynx, and trunk muscles), signs of cardiomyopathy and cataract. Patients with progressive myopathy characterized by myofibrillar degeneration that commences at the Z-disk, have been described. Mutations truncate the essential C-terminal domain of the protein required for the chaperone function.,disease:Seen as Rosenthal fiber protein in the brain tissue of patients with Alexander disease.,function:May contribute

Background

Mammalian lens crystallins are divided into alpha, beta, and gamma families. Alpha crystallins are composed of two gene products: alpha-A and alpha-B, for acidic and basic, respectively. Alpha crystallins can be induced by heat shock and are members of the small heat shock protein (HSP20) family. They act as molecular chaperones although they do not renature proteins and release them in the fashion of a true chaperone; instead they hold them in large soluble aggregates. Post-translational modifications decrease the ability to chaperone. These heterogeneous aggregates consist of 30-40 subunits; the alpha-A and alpha-B subunits have a 3:1 ratio, respectively. Two additional functions of alpha crystallins are an autokinase activity and participation in the intracellular architecture. The encoded protein has been identified as a moonlighting protein based on its ability to perform mechanistically distin

matters needing attention

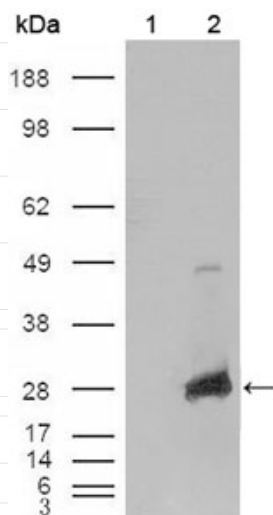
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

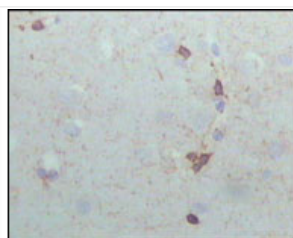
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



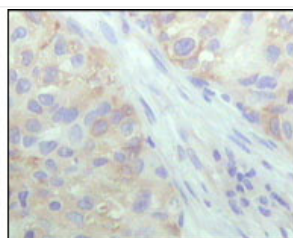
Products Images



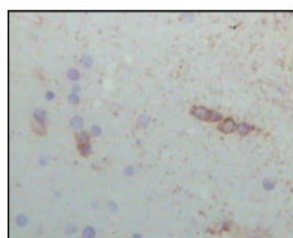
Western Blot analysis using Crystallin- α B Monoclonal Antibody against HEK293T cells transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (1) and pCMV6-ENTRY CRYAB cDNA (2).



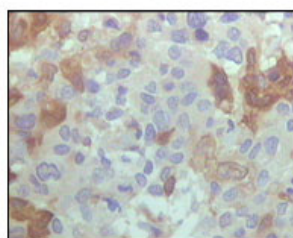
A



B



C



D

Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain hippocampus (A), lung cancer (B), brain tumor (C), breast cancer (D), showing cytoplasmic localization with DAB staining using Crystallin- α B Monoclonal Antibody.