



Actin α 1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-03077
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	ACTA1
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Actin-alpha-1. AA range:1-50
Specificity	Actin α 1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Actin α 1 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000.. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	$\geq 90\%$
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	ACTA1; α actin;ACTA;ACTA1 skeletal Muscle Actin;Actin alpha skeletal muscle; Actin α 1;Actin;alpha skeletal muscle;Alpha-actin-1
Observed Band	45kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	45kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton.
Tissue Specificity	Epithelium,Skeletal muscle,
Function	disease:Defects in ACTA1 are a cause of congenital myopathy with excess of thin myofilaments (CM) [MIM:102610].,disease:Defects in ACTA1 are a cause of congenital myopathy with fiber-type disproportion (CFTD) [MIM:255310]; also known as congenital fiber-type disproportion myopathy (CFTDM). CFTD is a genetically heterogeneous disorder in which there is relative hypotrophy of type 1 muscle fibers compared to type 2 fibers on skeletal muscle biopsy. However, these findings are not specific and can be found in many different myopathic and neuropathic conditions.,disease:Defects in ACTA1 are the cause of nemaline myopathy type 3 (NEM3) [MIM:161800]. Nemaline myopathy (NEM) is a form of congenital myopathy characterized by abnormal thread- or rod-like structures in muscle fibers on histologic examination. The clinical phenotype is highly variable,



with differing age at onset and severity.,func

Background

The product encoded by this gene belongs to the actin family of proteins, which are highly conserved proteins that play a role in cell motility, structure and integrity. Alpha, beta and gamma actin isoforms have been identified, with alpha actins being a major constituent of the contractile apparatus, while beta and gamma actins are involved in the regulation of cell motility. This actin is an alpha actin that is found in skeletal muscle. Mutations in this gene cause nemaline myopathy type 3, congenital myopathy with excess of thin myofilaments, congenital myopathy with cores, and congenital myopathy with fiber-type disproportion, diseases that lead to muscle fiber defects. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

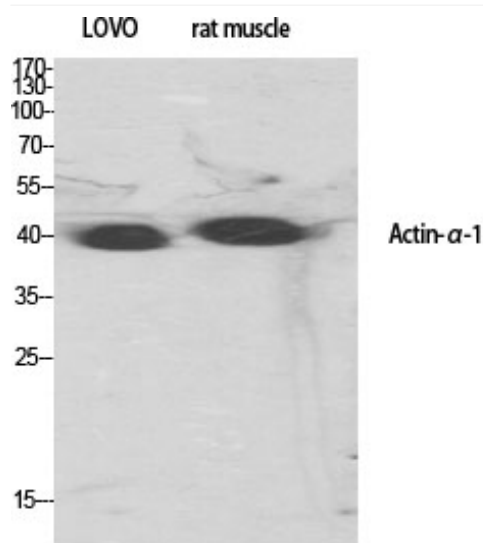
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

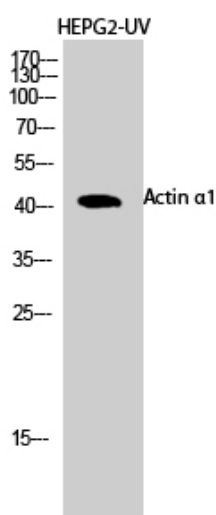
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



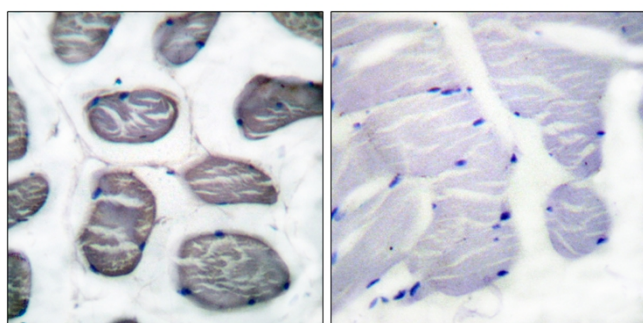
Products Images



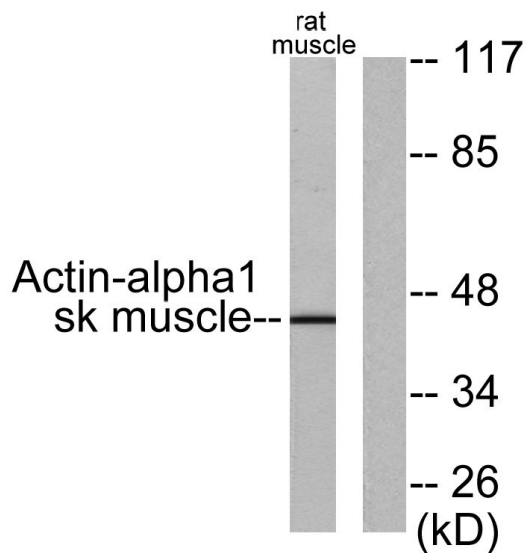
Western Blot analysis of various cells using Actin α 1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



Western Blot analysis of HEPG2-UV cells using Actin α 1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human muscle tissue, using Actin- α -1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from rat muscle cells, using Actin-alpha-1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.