



AASD-PPT Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-02448
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	AASDHPPT
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human AASDHPPT. AA range:11-60
Specificity	AASD-PPT Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of AASD-PPT protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/40000.. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	CGI-80;CGI 80;Alpha-aminoadipic semialdehyde dehydrogenase-phosphopantetheinyl transferase;AASD-PPT;AASD PPT;AASDHPPT;L-aminoadipate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase-phosphopantetheinyl transferase; HAH-P;HSPC223;x0005;4'-phosphopantetheinyl transferase
Observed Band	36kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	36kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm, cytosol .
Tissue Specificity	Detected in heart, skeletal muscle, placenta, testis, brain, pancreas, liver and kidney.
Function	catalytic activity:CoA-[4'-phosphopantetheine] + apo-[acyl-carrier-protein] = adenosine 3',5'-bisphosphate + holo-[acyl-carrier-protein].,cofactor: Binds 1 magnesium ion.,function:Catalyzes the post-translational modification of target proteins by phosphopantetheine. Can transfer the 4'-phosphopantetheine moiety from coenzyme A to a serine residue of a broad range of acceptors, such as the acyl carrier domain of FASN.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,similarity:Belongs to the P-Pant transferase superfamily. AcpS family.,subunit:Monomer. Interacts with FASN.,tissue specificity:Detected in



heart, skeletal muscle, placenta, testis, brain, pancreas, liver and kidney.,

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is similar to *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* LYS5, which is required for the activation of the alpha-amino adipate dehydrogenase in the biosynthetic pathway of lysine. Yeast alpha-amino adipate dehydrogenase converts alpha-biosynthetic-amino adipate semialdehyde to alpha-amino adipate. It has been suggested that defects in the human gene result in pipecolic acidemia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

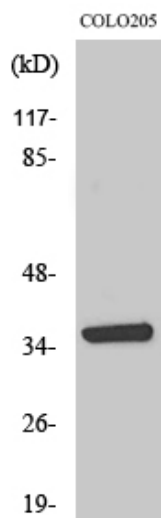
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

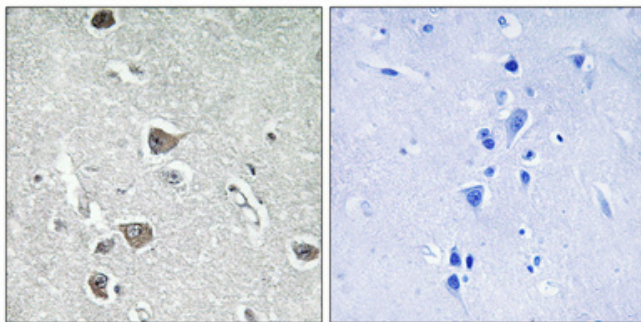
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



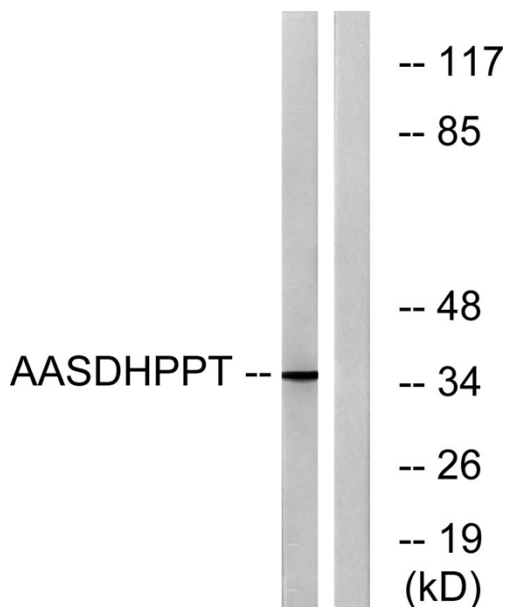
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using AASD-PPT Polyclonal Antibody



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain. Antibody was diluted at 1:100 (4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA, pH 8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negative control (right) obtained from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from COLO cells, using AASDHPPT Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.