



WRN rabbit pAb

Catalog No	YP-Ab-02267
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB; ELISA
Gene Name	WRN RECQ3 RECQL2
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human WRN AA range: 1080-1160
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human WRN
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:1000-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	DNA helicase;RecQ like type 3;Exonuclease WRN;RecQ protein like 2;RECQ3; RECQL2;RECQL3;WRN;WRN RECQ3 RECQL2;Werner syndrome ATP-dependent helicase (EC 3.6.4.12;RecQ-like type 3;EC 3.1.-.-;RecQ protein-like 2)
Observed Band	162 kDa
Calculated Molecular Weight	162 kDa
Cell Pathway	Nucleus, nucleolus . Nucleus . Nucleus, nucleoplasm . Chromosome . Gamma-irradiation leads to its translocation from nucleoli to nucleoplasm and PML regulates the irradiation-induced WRN relocation (PubMed:21639834). Localizes to DNA damage sites (PubMed:27063109). .
Tissue Specificity	
Function	disease:Defects in WRN are a cause of Werner syndrome (WRN) [MIM:277700] . WRN is a rare autosomal recessive progeroid syndrome characterized by the premature onset of multiple age-related disorders, including atherosclerosis, cancer, non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, ocular cataracts and osteoporosis. The major cause of death, at a median age of 47, is myocardial infarction. Currently all known WS mutations produces prematurely terminated proteins.,disease:Defects in WRN may be a cause of colorectal cancer (CRC)



[MIM:114500].,function:Essential for the formation of DNA replication focal centers; stably associates with foci elements generating binding sites for RP-A. Exhibits a magnesium-dependent ATP-dependent DNA-helicase activity. May be involved in the control of genomic stability.,online information:WRN mutation db (Warner disease),PTM:Phosphorylated by PRKDC. Phosphorylated u

Background

Werner syndrome RecQ like helicase(WRN) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a member of the RecQ subfamily and the DEAH (Asp-Glu-Ala-His) subfamily of DNA and RNA helicases. DNA helicases are involved in many aspects of DNA metabolism, including transcription, replication, recombination, and repair. This protein contains a nuclear localization signal in the C-terminus and shows a predominant nucleolar localization. It possesses an intrinsic 3' to 5' DNA helicase activity, and is also a 3' to 5' exonuclease. Based on interactions between this protein and Ku70/80 heterodimer in DNA end processing, this protein may be involved in the repair of double strand DNA breaks. Defects in this gene are the cause of Werner syndrome, an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by premature aging. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images