



NFκB-p65 (phospho Ser281) Polyclonal Antibody

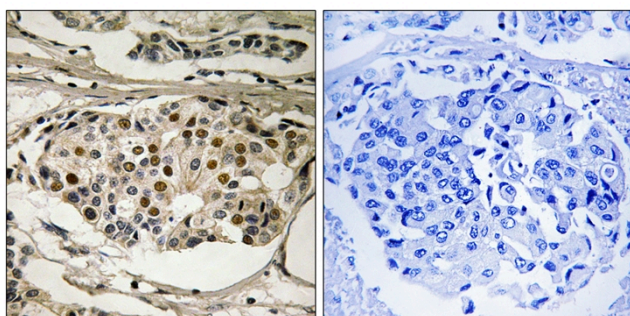
Catalog No	YP-Ab-01410
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	RELA
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human NF-kappaB p65 around the phosphorylation site of Ser281. AA range:247-296
Specificity	Phospho-NFκB-p65 (S281) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of NFκ B-p65 protein only when phosphorylated at S281.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	IHC: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000.. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	Avian reticuloendotheliosis viral (v rel) oncogene homolog A;MGC131774;NF kappa B p65delta3;NFKB3;Nuclear Factor NF Kappa B p65 Subunit;Nuclear factor NF-kappa-B p65 subunit;Nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B cells 3;Nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells 3;OTTHUMP00000233473;OTTHUMP00000233474;OTTHUMP00000233475;OTTHUMP00000233476;OTTHUMP00000233900;p65;p65 NF kappaB;p65 NFκB;relA;TF65_HUMAN;Transcription factor p65;v rel avian reticuloendotheliosis viral oncogene homolog A (nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B cells 3 (p65));V rel avian reticuloendotheliosis viral oncogene homolog A;v rel reticuloendotheliosis viral oncogene homolog A (avian);V rel reticuloendotheliosis viral oncogene homolog A;NFκB p65
Observed Band	
Calculated Molecular Weight	
Cell Pathway	Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Nuclear, but also found in the cytoplasm in an inactive form complexed to an inhibitor (I-kappa-B) (PubMed:1493333). Colocalized with DDX1 in the nucleus upon TNF-alpha induction (PubMed:19058135). Colocalizes with GFI1 in the nucleus after LPS stimulation (PubMed:20547752). Translocation to the nucleus is impaired in L.monocytogenes infection



(PubMed:20855622). .

Tissue Specificity	Bone,Colon,Pancreas,Placenta,
Function	function:NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic transcription factor which is present in almost all cell types and is involved in many biological processes such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the Rel-like domain-containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFKB1/p105, NFKB1/p50, REL and NFKB2/p52 and the heterodimeric p65-p50 complex appears to be most abundant one. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively. NF-kappa-B is controlled by various mechanisms of post-translational modification and subcellular compartmentalization as well as by in
Background	NF-kappa-B is a ubiquitous transcription factor involved in several biological processes. It is held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state by specific inhibitors. Upon degradation of the inhibitor, NF-kappa-B moves to the nucleus and activates transcription of specific genes. NF-kappa-B is composed of NFKB1 or NFKB2 bound to either REL, RELA, or RELB. The most abundant form of NF-kappa-B is NFKB1 complexed with the product of this gene, RELA. Four transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2011],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using NF-kappaB p65 (Phospho-Ser281) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.