



SNAI 1 (phospho Ser246) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-01337
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Monkey
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	SNAI1
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SNAI1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser246. AA range:215-264
Specificity	Phospho-SNAI 1 (S246) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of SNAI 1 protein only when phosphorylated at S246.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	dJ710H13.1;Protein sna;Protein snail homolog 1;Protein snail homolog;SLUGH2;SNA;Sna protein;SNAH;SNAI;sna1;SNAI1_HUMAN;Snail 1 homolog;Snail 1 zinc finger protein;SNAIL;Snail homolog 1 (Drosophila);Drosophila;homolog of;1;SNAIL1;Zinc finger protein SNAI1;Zinc finger protein SNAI1(snail)
Observed Band	29kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	29kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Once phosphorylated (probably on Ser-107, Ser-111, Ser-115 and Ser-119) it is exported from the nucleus to the cytoplasm where subsequent phosphorylation of the destruction motif and ubiquitination involving BTRC occurs. .
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in a variety of tissues with the highest expression in kidney. Expressed in mesenchymal and epithelial cell lines.
Function	function:Seems to be involved in embryonic mesoderm formation. Binds to 3 E-boxes of the E-cadherin gene promoter and represses its transcription., similarity:Belongs to the snail C2H2-type zinc-finger protein family.,



similarity:Contains 4 C2H2-type zinc fingers.,tissue specificity:Expressed in a variety of tissues with the highest expression in kidney.,

Background

snail family transcriptional repressor 1(SNAI1) Homo sapiens The Drosophila embryonic protein snail is a zinc finger transcriptional repressor which downregulates the expression of ectodermal genes within the mesoderm. The nuclear protein encoded by this gene is structurally similar to the Drosophila snail protein, and is also thought to be critical for mesoderm formation in the developing embryo. At least two variants of a similar processed pseudogene have been found on chromosome 2. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

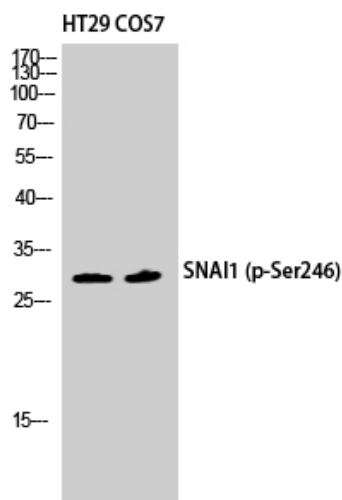
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

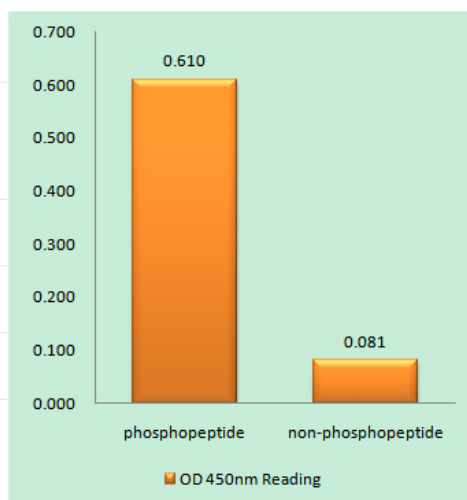
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



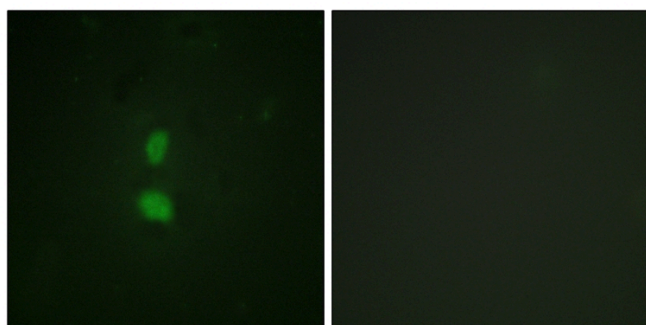
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of HT29 COS7 cells using Phospho-SNAI 1 (S246) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500 cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003, Inventbiotech, MN, USA).



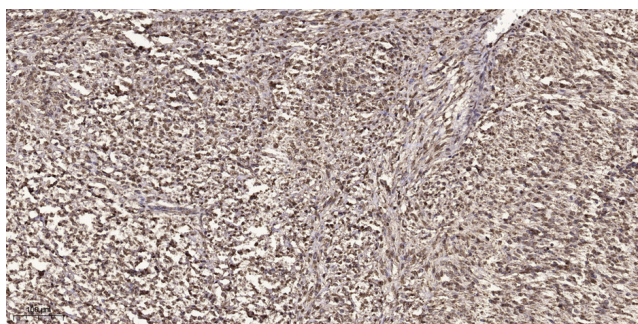
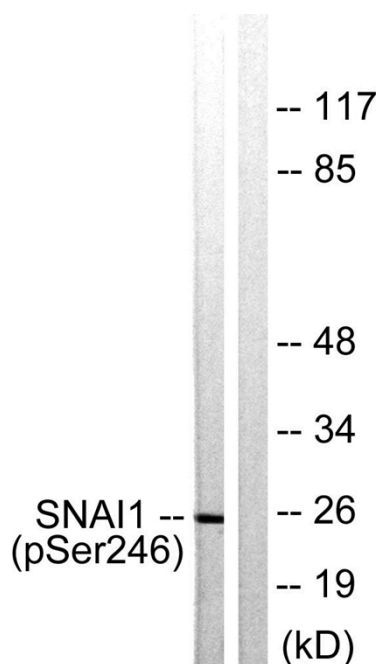
Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using SNAI1 (Phospho-Ser246) Antibody



Immunofluorescence analysis of HUVEC cells, using SNAI1 (Phospho-Ser246) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HT29 cells, using SNAI1 (Phospho-Ser246) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human small intestinal carcinoma tissue. 1, primary Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4° overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antigen retrieval (>98° C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200