



Histamine H3 Receptor Polyclonal Antibody

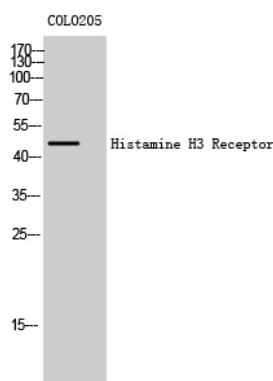
Catalog No	YP-Ab-13361
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	HRH3
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human HRH3. AA range:291-340
Specificity	Histamine H3 Receptor Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Histamine H3 Receptor protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	HH3R;GPCR97;HRH3;Histamine H3 Receptor;H3R;G-protein coupled receptor 97
Observed Band	49kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	49kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.
Tissue Specificity	Expressed predominantly in the CNS, with the greatest expression in the thalamus and caudate nucleus. The various isoforms are mainly coexpressed in brain, but their relative expression level varies in a region-specific manner. Isoform 3 and isoform 7 are highly expressed in the thalamus, caudate nucleus and cerebellum while isoform 5 and isoform 6 show a poor expression. Isoform 5 and isoform 6 show a high expression in the amygdala, substantia nigra, cerebral cortex and hypothalamus. Isoform 7 is not found in hypothalamus or substantia nigra.



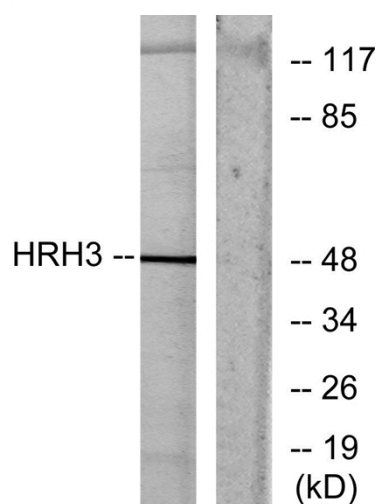
Function	alternative products: Additional isoforms seem to exist, function: The H3 subclass of histamine receptors could mediate the histamine signals in CNS and peripheral nervous system. Signals through the inhibition of adenylate cyclase and displays high constitutive activity (spontaneous activity in the absence of agonist). Agonist stimulation of isoform 3 neither modified adenylate cyclase activity nor induced intracellular calcium mobilization., miscellaneous: Does not bind to cimetidine and triprolidine. Shows modest affinity for thioperamide, imetit, N-alpha-methylhistamine and R(-)-alpha-methylhistamine. Isoform 4 is unable to bind to idopropoxyfan while isoforms 1 and 3 bind it with high affinity., similarity: Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family., tissue specificity: Expressed predominantly in the CNS, with the greatest expression in the thalamus and caudate nucleus. The various is
Background	Histamine is a ubiquitous messenger molecule released from mast cells, enterochromaffin-like cells, and neurons. Its various actions are mediated by histamine receptors H1, H2, H3 and H4. This gene encodes one of the histamine receptors (H3) which belongs to the family 1 of G protein-coupled receptors. It is an integral membrane protein and can regulate neurotransmitter release. This receptor can also increase voltage-dependent calcium current in smooth muscles and innervates the blood vessels and the heart in cardiovascular system. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



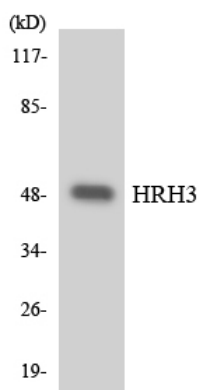
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of COLO205 cells using Histamine H3 Receptor Polyclonal Antibody



Western blot analysis of lysates from COLO205 cells, using HRH3 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from RAW264.7 cells using HRH3 antibody.