



IGF-IR Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-12930
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	IGF1R
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of IGF-IR expressed in E. Coli.
Specificity	IGF-IR Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of IGF-IR protein.
Formulation	Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide,0.5% BSA, 50%glycerol.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse
Purification	Affinity purification
Dilution	WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000.. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	IGF 1 receptor;IGF1R;IGF-I receptor;IGFIR;IGFR;IGF-1R;Insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor;Insulin-like growth factor I receptor;CD antigen CD221
Observed Band	pro: 155kD, recetor beta: 95kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	pro: 155kD, recetor beta: 95kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein .
Tissue Specificity	Found as a hybrid receptor with INSR in muscle, heart, kidney, adipose tissue, skeletal muscle, hepatoma, fibroblasts, spleen and placenta (at protein level). Expressed in a variety of tissues. Overexpressed in tumors, including melanomas, cancers of the colon, pancreas prostate and kidney.
Function	catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,disease:Defects in IGF1R may be a cause in some cases of resistance to insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF1 resistance) [MIM:270450]. IGF1 resistance is a growth deficiency disorder characterized by intrauterine growth retardation and poor postnatal growth accompanied with increased plasma IGF1.,enzyme regulation:Autophosphorylation activates the kinase activity., function:This receptor binds insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF1) with a high affinity and IGF2 with a lower affinity. It has a tyrosine-protein kinase activity, which is necessary for the activation of the IGF1-stimulated downstream signaling cascade. When present in a hybrid receptor with INSR, binds IGF1.



PubMed:12138094 shows that hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and INSR isoform Long are activated with a high affinity by IGF1, with low a

Background

This receptor binds insulin-like growth factor with a high affinity. It has tyrosine kinase activity. The insulin-like growth factor I receptor plays a critical role in transformation events. Cleavage of the precursor generates alpha and beta subunits. It is highly overexpressed in most malignant tissues where it functions as an anti-apoptotic agent by enhancing cell survival. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014],

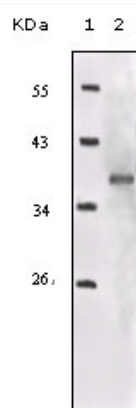
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

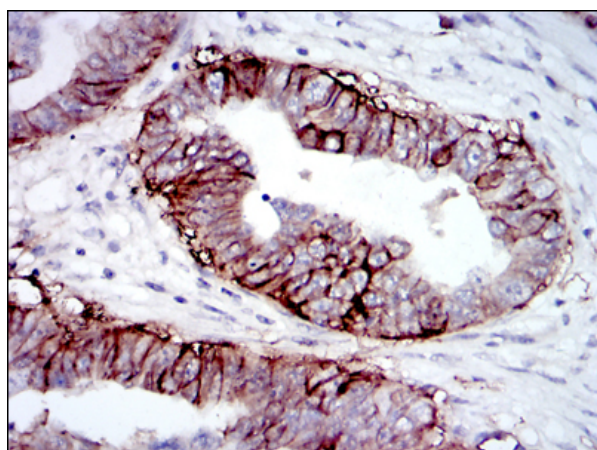
Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis using IGF-IR Monoclonal Antibody against truncated IGF-IR recombinant protein.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded ovarian cancer tissues using IGF-IR Monoclonal Antibody with DAB staining.