



CLIC5 rabbit pAb

Catalog No	YP-Ab-11112
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human; Mouse; Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	CLIC5
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human CLIC5 AA range: 156-206
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of CLIC5 at Human/Mouse/Rat
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	CLIC5
Observed Band	
Calculated Molecular Weight	
Cell Pathway	[Isoform 1]: Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Cytoplasm, cell cortex . Membrane ; Single-pass membrane protein . Apical cell membrane ; Single-pass membrane protein . Cytoplasm . Associates with the cortical actin cytoskeleton (PubMed:10793131, PubMed:15184393). Localizes to the apical region of cochlear hair cells, at the base of the actin-rich hair bundle (By similarity). Colocalizes with podocalyxin at the apical cell membrane in renal glomeruli (PubMed:20335315). May localize to the centrosome in lens epithelial cells (By similarity). Exists both as soluble cytoplasmic protein and as membrane protein with probably a single transmembrane domain (By similarity). .; [Isoform 2]: Golgi apparatus . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome . Colocalizes with AKAP9 at the G
Tissue Specificity	Widely expressed in both fetal and adult human tissues (PubMed:24781754). Isoform 1 is expressed in renal glomeruli endothelial cells and podocytes (at protein level).



Function

domain:Members of this family may change from a globular, soluble state to a state where the N-terminal domain is inserted into the membrane and functions as chloride channel. A conformation change of the N-terminal domain is thought to expose hydrophobic surfaces that trigger membrane insertion.,function:Can insert into membranes and form poorly selective ion channels that may also transport chloride ions. May play a role in the regulation of transepithelial ion absorption and secretion. Required for normal formation of stereocilia in the inner ear and normal development of the organ of Corti.,similarity:Belongs to the chloride channel CLIC family.,similarity:Contains 1 GST C-terminal domain.,subcellular location:Associates with the cortical actin cytoskeleton. Exists both as soluble cytoplasmic protein and as membrane protein with probably a single transmembrane domain.,subcellular loc

Background

This gene encodes a member of the chloride intracellular channel (CLIC) family of chloride ion channels. The encoded protein associates with actin-based cytoskeletal structures and may play a role in multiple processes including hair cell stereocilia formation, myoblast proliferation and glomerular podocyte and endothelial cell maintenance. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2011],

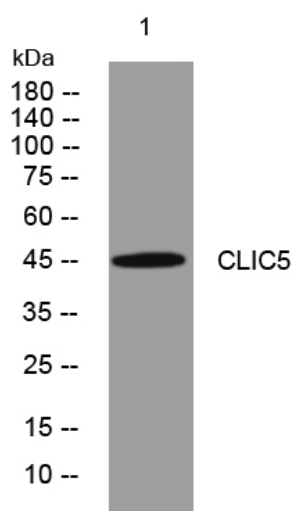
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night