



CCL14 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-10684
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	CCL14 NCC2 SCYA14
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide from human protein at AA range: 44-93
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous CCL14
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	IHC-p 1:50-200, ELISA 1:10000-20000. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	C C motif chemokine 14;CC 1;CC 3;CCL14;Chemokine CC 1/CC 3;CKb1;HCC 1;HCC 1(1 74);HCC 1/HCC 3;HCC 3;MCIF;NCC 2;NCC2;SCYA14;SCYL2;Small inducible cytokine A14;SY14;CCL14 NCC2 SCYA14;C-C motif chemokine 14 (Chemokine CC-1/CC-3) (HCC-1/HCC-3) (HCC-1(1-74)) (NCC-2) (Small-inducible cytokine A14) [Cleaved into: HCC-1(3-74);HCC-1(4-74);HCC-1(9-74)]; C-C motif chemokine 14 (Chemokine CC-1/CC-3;HCC-1/HCC-3;HCC-1(1-74); NCC-2;Small-inducible cytokine A14) [Cleaved into: HCC-1(3-74)
Observed Band	
Calculated Molecular Weight	
Cell Pathway	Secreted.
Tissue Specificity	Expressed constitutively in several normal tissues: spleen, liver, skeletal and heart muscle, gut, and bone marrow, present at high concentrations (1-80 nM) in plasma.
Function	function:Chemotactic factor that attracts T-cells and monocytes, but not neutrophils, eosinophils, or B-cells. Acts mainly via CC chemokine receptor CCR1. Also binds to CCR3. CCL15(22-92), CCL15(25-92) and CCL15(29-92) are more potent chemoattractants than the small-inducible cytokine A15., function:Has weak activities on human monocytes and acts via receptors that



also recognize MIP-1 alpha. It induced intracellular Ca^{2+} changes and enzyme release, but no chemotaxis, at concentrations of 100-1,000 nM, and was inactive on T-lymphocytes, neutrophils, and eosinophil leukocytes. Enhances the proliferation of CD34 myeloid progenitor cells. The processed form HCC-1(9-74) is a chemotactic factor that attracts monocytes eosinophils, and T-cells and is a ligand for CCR1, CCR3 and CCR5.,online information:CCL14 entry,online information:CCL15 entry,PTM:HCC-1(1-74), but not HCC-1(3-74) and HCC-1(4

Background

This gene, chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 14, is one of several CC cytokine genes clustered on 17q11.2. The CC cytokines are secreted proteins characterized by two adjacent cysteines. The cytokine encoded by this gene induces changes in intracellular calcium concentration and enzyme release in monocytes. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. Read-through transcripts are also expressed that include exons from the upstream cytokine gene, chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 15, and are represented as GenelD: 348249. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2009],

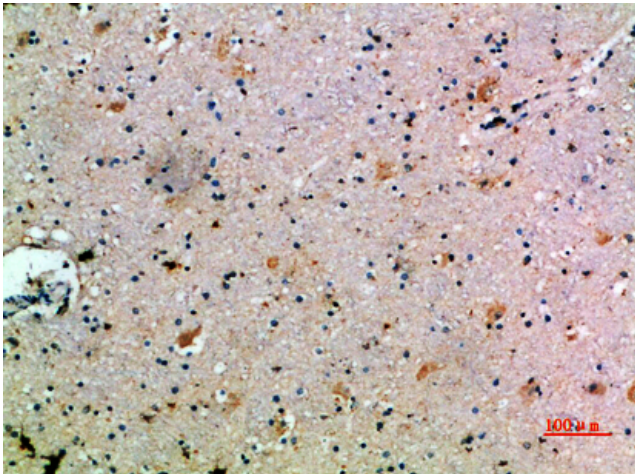
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

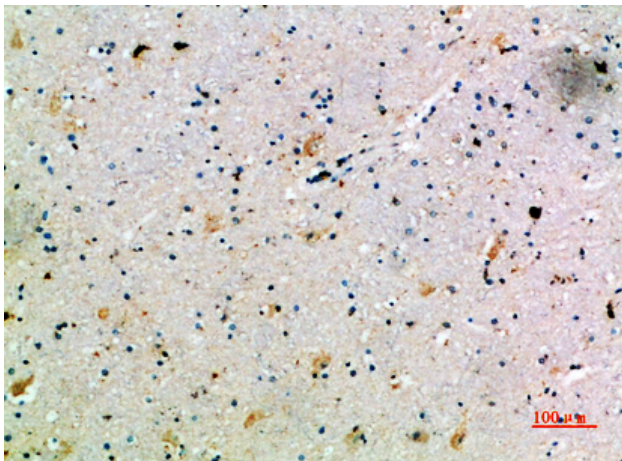
Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:200



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