



lipin1 Phospho-ser889 rabbit pAb

Catalog No	YP-Ab-10567
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human; Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	LPIN1 KIAA0188
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human lipin1 ser889
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of lipin1 ser889 at Human, Mouse,Rat
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.223% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	EC:3.1.3.4;KIAA0188;lipin 1;Lipin1;Lipin-1;LPIN1;LPIN1 KIAA0188;lipin1 ser889; Phosphatidate phosphatase LPIN1 (EC 3.1.3.4) (Lipin-1)
Observed Band	110-130 kDa
Calculated Molecular Weight	890 aa, 99 kDa
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm, cytosol . Endoplasmic reticulum membrane . Nucleus membrane . Translocates from the cytosol to the endoplasmic reticulum following acetylation by KAT5. .
Tissue Specificity	Specifically expressed in skeletal muscle. Also abundant in adipose tissue. Lower levels in some portions of the digestive tract.
Function	disease:Defects in LPIN1 are a cause of autosomal recessive acute recurrent myoglobinuria [MIM:268200]; also known as acute recurrent rhabdomyolysis. Recurrent myoglobinuria is characterized by recurrent attacks of rhabdomyolysis (necrosis or disintegration of skeletal muscle) associated with muscle pain and weakness and followed by excretion of myoglobin in the urine. Renal failure may occasionally occur. Onset is usually in early childhood under the age of 5 years., function:Is involved in adipocyte differentiation.,miscellaneous:May represents a candidate gene for human lipodys trophy syndromes.,similarity:Belongs to the lipin family.,

Background

This gene encodes a magnesium-ion-dependent phosphatidic acid phosphohydrolase enzyme that catalyzes the penultimate step in triglyceride synthesis including the dephosphorylation of phosphatidic acid to yield diacylglycerol. Expression of this gene is required for adipocyte differentiation and it also functions as a nuclear transcriptional coactivator with some peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors to modulate expression of other genes involved in lipid metabolism. Mutations in this gene are associated with metabolic syndrome, type 2 diabetes, and autosomal recessive acute recurrent myoglobinuria (ARARM). This gene is also a candidate for several human lipodystrophy syndromes. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. Additional splice variants have been described but their full-length structures have not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, May 2012],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images