



p300 (Phospho-Ser1834) rabbit pAb

Catalog No	YP-Ab-10448
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human; Mouse; Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	EP300 P300
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human p300 (Phospho-Ser1834)
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of p300 (Phospho-Ser1834) at Human, Mouse, Rat
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.101% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	E1A associated protein p3; E1A binding protein p3; E1A-associated protein p3; EP3; EP3: E1A binding protein p3; EP3_HUMAN; Histone acetyltransferase p3; KAT3B; p3 HAT; RSTS2; p300; EP300 P300; p300 (Phospho-Ser1834); Histone acetyltransferase p300 (p300 HAT) (EC 2.3.1.48) (E1A-associated protein p300)
Observed Band	266kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	264kDa; 264kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Chromosome . Localizes to active chromatin: Colocalizes with histone H3 acetylated and/or crotonylated at 'Lys-18' (H3K18ac and H3K18cr, respectively) (PubMed:25818647). In the presence of ALX1 relocalizes from the cytoplasm to the nucleus. Colocalizes with ROCK2 in the nucleus (PubMed:12929931). .
Tissue Specificity	Epithelium, Skin,
Function	catalytic activity: Acetyl-CoA + histone = CoA + acetylhistone., disease: Chromosomal aberrations involving EP300 may be a cause of acute myeloid leukemias. Translocation t(8;22)(p11;q13) with MYST3., disease: Defects in EP300 are a cause of Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome (RSTS) [MIM:180849]. RSTS is an autosomal dominant disorder characterized by craniofacial



abnormalities, broad thumbs, broad big toes, mental retardation and a propensity for development of malignancies.,disease:Defects in EP300 may play a role in epithelial cancer.,function:Functions as histone acetyltransferase and regulates transcription via chromatin remodeling. Acetylates all four core histones in nucleosomes. Histone acetylation gives an epigenetic tag for transcriptional activation. Binds to and may be involved in the transforming capacity of the adenovirus E1A protein. Mediates cAMP-gene regulation by binding specifically

Background

E1A binding protein p300(EP300) Homo sapiens This gene encodes the adenovirus E1A-associated cellular p300 transcriptional co-activator protein. It functions as histone acetyltransferase that regulates transcription via chromatin remodeling and is important in the processes of cell proliferation and differentiation. It mediates cAMP-gene regulation by binding specifically to phosphorylated CREB protein. This gene has also been identified as a co-activator of HIF1A (hypoxia-inducible factor 1 alpha), and thus plays a role in the stimulation of hypoxia-induced genes such as VEGF. Defects in this gene are a cause of Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome and may also play a role in epithelial cancer. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images