



Na⁺/K⁺-ATPase α1 (Phospho-Tyr260) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-10335
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;IHC
Gene Name	ATP1A1
Immunogen	Synthesized phospho derived from human Na ⁺ /K ⁺ -ATPase α1 (Phospho-Tyr260) Polyclonal
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Na ⁺ /K ⁺ -ATPase α1 (Phospho-Tyr260).
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000;IHC-p 1:50-300
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	Na ⁺ /K ⁺ -ATPase α1;ATP1A1;Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit alpha-1 (Na ⁺)/K ⁺ ATPase alpha-1 subunit (EC 3.6.3.9) (Sodium pump subunit alpha-1)
Observed Band	115kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	115kD
Cell Pathway	Basolateral cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cell membrane, sarcolemma ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cell projection, axon . Melanosome . Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV. .
Tissue Specificity	Brain,Cerebellum,Cervix,Placenta,Retinal pigment epithelium
Function	catalytic activity:ATP + H(2)O + Na(+)(In) + K(+)(Out) = ADP + phosphate + Na(+)(Out) + K(+)(In).,function:This is the catalytic component of the active enzyme, which catalyzes the hydrolysis of ATP coupled with the exchange of sodium and potassium ions across the plasma membrane. This action creates the electrochemical gradient of sodium and potassium ions, providing the energy



for active transport of various nutrients.,PTM:Phosphorylation on Tyr-10 modulates pumping activity.,similarity:Belongs to the cation transport ATPase (P-type) family.,similarity:Belongs to the cation transport ATPase (P-type) family. Type IIC subfamily.,subcellular location:Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.,subunit:Composed of three subunits: alpha (catalytic), beta and gamma. Binds the HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DR1.,

Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of P-type cation transport ATPases, and to the subfamily of Na⁺/K⁺ -ATPases. Na⁺/K⁺ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The catalytic subunit of Na⁺/K⁺ -ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes an alpha 1 subunit. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2009],

matters needing attention

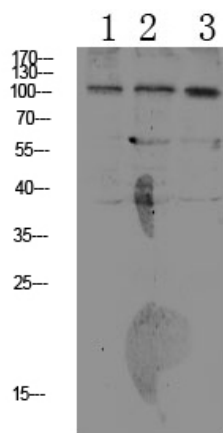
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



Products Images



- 1 A549
- 2 MCF-7
- 3 HCT116

Western blot analysis of various lysate, antibody was diluted at 1000. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human cervical carcinoma. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).

