



ATPAF2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-16394
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	ATPAF2
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human ATPAF2. AA range:21-70
Specificity	ATPAF2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ATPAF2 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	ATP12;LP3663;ATP12p;ATP12 homolog;ATPAF2;ATP synthase mitochondrial F1 complex assembly factor 2
Observed Band	35kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	35kD
Cell Pathway	Mitochondrion .
Tissue Specificity	Widely expressed.
Function	disease:Defects in ATPAF2 are the cause of complex V mitochondrial respiratory chain ATPAF2 subunit deficiency (ATPAF2 deficiency) [MIM:604273]; also called ATP synthase deficiency or ATPase deficiency. ATPAF2 deficiency seems to be an early presenting disease in which lactic acidosis, dysmorphic features, and methyl glutaconic aciduria can be major clues in the diagnosis. Dysmorphic features include a large mouth, prominent nasal bridge, micrognathia, rocker-bottom feet and flexion contractures of the limbs associated with camptodactyly. Patients are hypertonic and have an enlarged liver, hypoplastic kidneys and elevated lactate levels in urine, plasma and cerebro spinal fluid (CSF).,function:May play a role in the assembly of the F1



component of the mitochondrial ATP synthase (ATPase).,similarity:Belongs to the ATP12 family.,subunit:Interacts with ATP5A1.,tissue specificity:Widely expr

Background

ATP synthase mitochondrial F1 complex assembly factor 2(ATPAF2) Homo sapiens This gene encodes an assembly factor for the F(1) component of the mitochondrial ATP synthase. This protein binds specifically to the F1 alpha subunit and is thought to prevent this subunit from forming nonproductive homooligomers during enzyme assembly. This gene is located within the Smith-Magenis syndrome region on chromosome 17. An alternatively spliced transcript variant has been described, but its biological validity has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

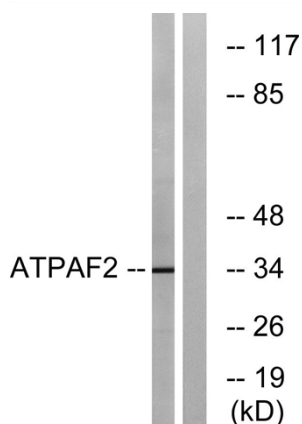
Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using ATPAF2 Polyclonal Antibody



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells, using ATPAF2 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.