



Syntenin-2 rabbit pAb

Catalog No	YP-Ab-16303
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Dog;Pig
Applications	WB; ELISA
Gene Name	SDCBP MDA9 SYCL
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human Syntenin-2 AA range: 71-120
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human,Rat,Dog,Pig Syntenin-2
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:1000-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	SDCBP2;Similar to TACIP18;SITAC;SITAC18;Syndecan-binding protein 2; Syntenin-2;SDCBP MDA9 SYCL;Syntenin-1 (Melanoma differentiation-associated protein 9;MDA-9;Pro-TGF-alpha cytoplasmic domain-interacting protein 18;TACIP18;Scaffold protein Pbp1;Syndecan-binding protein 1)
Observed Band	35-37 kDa
Calculated Molecular Weight	32 kDa
Cell Pathway	Cell junction, focal adhesion . Cell junction, adherens junction . Cell membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Endoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Nucleus . Melanosome . Cytoplasm, cytosol . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Secreted, extracellular exosome . Membrane raft . Mainly membrane-associated. Localized to adherens junctions, focal adhesions and endoplasmic reticulum. Colocalized with actin stress fibers. Also found in the nucleus. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV. Associated to the plasma membrane in the presence of FZD7 and phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) (PubMed:27386966). .
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in lung cancers, including adenocarcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma and small-cell carcinoma (at protein level) (PubMed:25893292). Widely expressed. Expressed in fetal kidney, liver, lung and brain. In adult highest expression in heart and placenta.



Function

function: Seems to function as an adapter protein. In adherens junctions may function to couple syndecans to cytoskeletal proteins or signaling components. Seems to couple transcription factor SOX4 to the IL-5 receptor (IL5RA). May also play a role in vesicular trafficking. Seems to be required for the targeting of TGFA to the cell surface in the early secretory pathway. induction: By gamma interferon in melanoma cells. PTM: Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues. similarity: Contains 2 PDZ (DHR) domains. subcellular location: Mainly membrane-associated. Localized to adherens junctions, focal adhesions and endoplasmic reticulum. Colocalized with actin stress fibers. Also found in the nucleus. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV. subunit: Monomer and homodimer (By similarity). Interacts with SDC1, SDC2, SDC3, SDC4, NRXN2, EPHA7, EPHB1, NF2 isoform 1, TG

Background

syndecan binding protein(SDCBP) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene was initially identified as a molecule linking syndecan-mediated signaling to the cytoskeleton. The syntenin protein contains tandemly repeated PDZ domains that bind the cytoplasmic, C-terminal domains of a variety of transmembrane proteins. This protein may also affect cytoskeletal-membrane organization, cell adhesion, protein trafficking, and the activation of transcription factors. The protein is primarily localized to membrane-associated adherens junctions and focal adhesions but is also found at the endoplasmic reticulum and nucleus. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

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