



Ihh Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-15983
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	IHH
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Ihh. AA range:209-258
Specificity	Ihh Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Ihh protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	BDA1;EC:3.1.-.-;HHG 2;HHG2;HHG-2;Ihh;Indian hedgehog protein
Observed Band	45kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	45kD
Cell Pathway	[Indian hedgehog protein N-product]: Cell membrane ; Lipid-anchor ; Extracellular side . The N-terminal peptide remains associated with the cell surface. .; [Indian hedgehog protein C-product]: Secreted, extracellular space . The C-terminal peptide diffuses from the cell. .; Cell membrane .
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in embryonic lung, and in adult kidney and liver.
Function	disease:Defects in IHH are a cause of acrocapitofemoral dysplasia (ACFD) [MIM:607778]. ACFD is a disorder characterized by short stature of variable severity with postnatal onset. The most constant radiographic abnormalities are observed in the tubular bones of the hands and in the proximal part of the femur. Cone-shaped epiphyses or a similar epiphyseal configuration with premature epimetaphyseal fusion result in shortening of the skeletal components involved. Cone-shaped epiphyses were also present to a variable extent at the shoulders, knees, and ankles.,disease:Defects in IHH are the cause of brachydactyly type



A1 (BDA1) [MIM:112500]. BDA1 is an autosomal dominant disorder characterized by middle phalanges of all the digits rudimentary or fused with the terminal phalanges. The proximal phalanges of the thumbs and big toes are short.,function:Inter cellular signal essential for a varie

Background

This gene encodes a member of the hedgehog family of proteins. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate multiple protein products, including an N-terminal fragment that is involved in signaling. Hedgehog family proteins are essential secreted signaling molecules that regulate a variety of developmental processes including growth, patterning and morphogenesis. The protein encoded by this gene specifically plays a role in bone growth and differentiation. Mutations in this gene are the cause of brachydactyly type A1, which is characterized by shortening or malformation of the fingers and toes. Mutations in this gene are also the cause of acrocapitofemoral dysplasia. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015],

matters needing attention

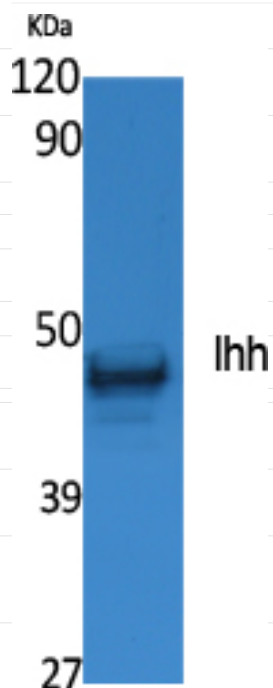
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

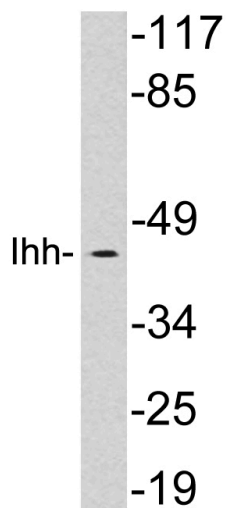
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



Products Images



Western Blot analysis of extracts from NIH-3T3 cells, using Ihh Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells, using Ihh antibody.