



Tyk2 (phospho-Tyr1054/1055) rabbit pAb

Catalog No	YP-Ab-14624
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB
Gene Name	TYK2
Immunogen	Synthesized phosho peptide around human Tyk2 (Tyr1054 and 1055)
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human Tyk2 (phospho-Tyr1054 or 1055)
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:1000-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	EC:2.7.10.2;JTK1;tyrosine kinase 2;Tyk2;Tyk2 (Tyr1054/1055);Non-receptor tyrosine-protein kinase TYK2 (EC 2.7.10.2)
Observed Band	134 kDa
Calculated Molecular Weight	1187 aa, 134 kDa
Cell Pathway	nucleus,cytoplasm,cytosol,cytoskeleton,membrane,extrinsic component of cytoplasmic side of plasma membrane,extracellular exosome,
Tissue Specificity	Observed in all cell lines analyzed. Expressed in a variety of lymphoid and non-lymphoid cell lines.
Function	catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,disease:Defects in TYK2 are the cause of protein-tyrosine kinase 2 deficiency (TYK2 deficiency) [MIM:611521]; also called autosomal recessive hyper-IgE syndrome (HIES) with atypical mycobacteriosis. The syndrome consists of a primary immunodeficiency characterized by recurrent skin abscesses, pneumonia, and highly elevated serum IgE.,domain:The FERM domain mediates interaction with JAKMIP1.,function:Probably involved in intracellular signal transduction by being involved in the initiation of type I IFN signaling. Phosphorylates the interferon-alpha/beta receptor alpha chain.,online information:TYK2 mutation db,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase



superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. JAK subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 FERM domain.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Conta

Background

tyrosine kinase 2(TYK2) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a member of the tyrosine kinase and, more specifically, the Janus kinases (JAKs) protein families. This protein associates with the cytoplasmic domain of type I and type II cytokine receptors and promulgate cytokine signals by phosphorylating receptor subunits. It is also component of both the type I and type III interferon signaling pathways. As such, it may play a role in anti-viral immunity. A mutation in this gene has been associated with hyperimmunoglobulin E syndrome (HIES) - a primary immunodeficiency characterized by elevated serum immunoglobulin E. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images