



CaMKIIα/β/δ (phospho Thr305) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-14352
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	CAMK2A
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human CaMK2 alpha/beta/delta around the phosphorylation site of Thr305. AA range:271-320
Specificity	Phospho-CaMKIIα/β/δ (T305) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CaMKIIα/β/δ protein only when phosphorylated at T305.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000.. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	CAMK2A;Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type II subunit alpha; CAMK2;CAMKA;CaMKIIα/β/δ;KIAA0968;CaM kinase II subunit alpha;CaMK-II subunit alpha;CAMK2B;CAM2;CAMKB;Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type II subunit beta;Ca
Observed Band	54kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	54kD
Cell Pathway	Cell junction, synapse . Cell junction, synapse, postsynaptic density . Cell projection, dendritic spine . Cell projection, dendrite . Postsynaptic lipid rafts. .
Tissue Specificity	Brain,
Function	catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein..enzyme regulation:Autophosphorylation of Thr-286 allows the kinase to switch from a calmodulin-dependent to a calmodulin-independent state..function:CaM-kinase II (CAMK2) is a prominent kinase in the central nervous system that may function in long-term potentiation and neurotransmitter release. Member of the NMDAR signaling complex in excitatory synapses it may regulate NMDAR-dependent potentiation of the AMPAR and synaptic plasticity..similarity:Belongs to the



protein kinase superfamily.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CAMK Ser/Thr protein kinase family. CaMK subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,subcellular location:Postsynaptic lipid rafts., subunit:CAMK2 is composed of four different chains: alpha, beta, gamma, and delta. The different isoforms assemble into homo- or heteromultimeric

Background

The product of this gene belongs to the serine/threonine protein kinases family, and to the Ca(2+)/calmodulin-dependent protein kinases subfamily. Calcium signaling is crucial for several aspects of plasticity at glutamatergic synapses. This calcium calmodulin-dependent protein kinase is composed of four different chains: alpha, beta, gamma, and delta. The alpha chain encoded by this gene is required for hippocampal long-term potentiation (LTP) and spatial learning. In addition to its calcium-calmodulin (CaM)-dependent activity, this protein can undergo autophosphorylation, resulting in CaM-independent activity. Two transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2008],

matters needing attention

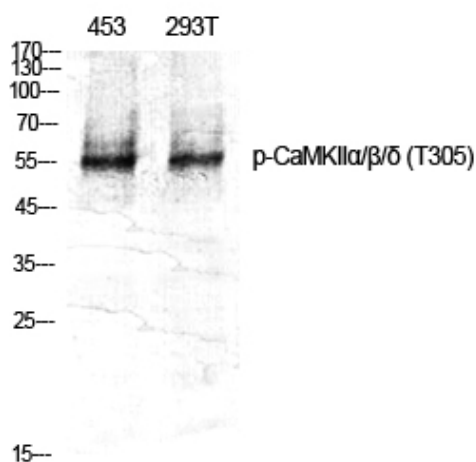
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

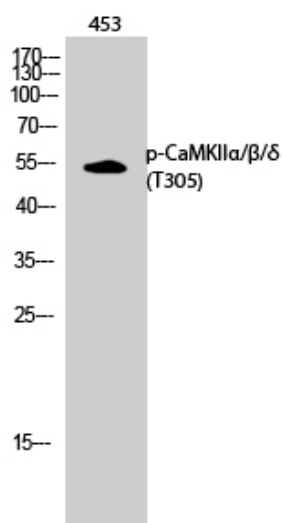
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



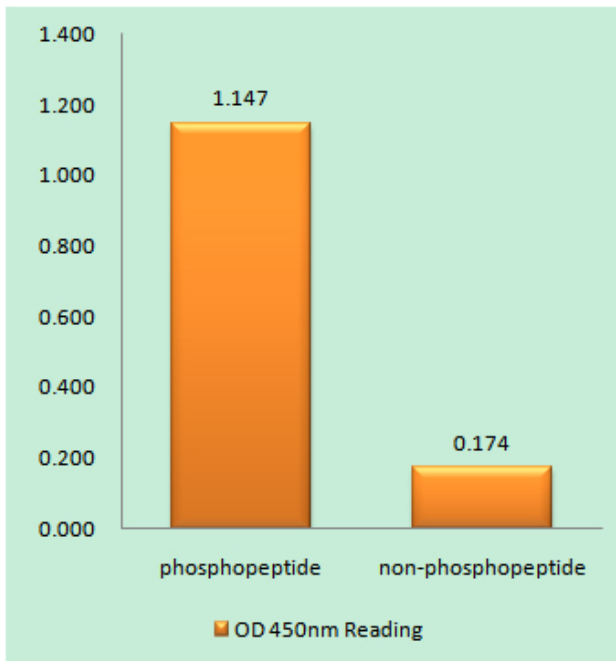
Products Images



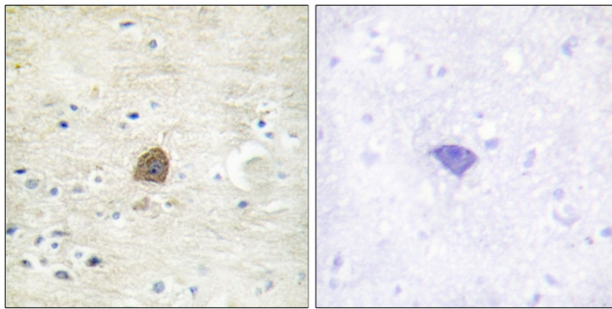
Western Blot analysis of various cells using
Phospho-CaMKIIα/β/δ (T305) Polyclonal Antibody
diluted at 1:1000



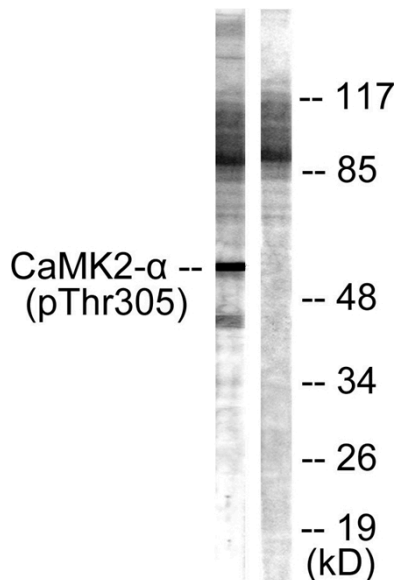
Western Blot analysis of 453 cells using
Phospho-CaMKIIα/β/δ (T305) Polyclonal Antibody
diluted at 1:1000



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay
(Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide
(Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide
(Phospho-right), using CaMK2 alpha/beta/delta
(Phospho-Thr305) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using CaMK2 alpha/beta/delta
(Phospho-Thr305) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from NIH/3T3 cells, using CaMK2 alpha/beta/delta (Phospho-Thr305) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.