



Siglec-5/14 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-14001
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	SIGLEC5/SIGLEC14
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 5/Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 14 at AA range: 91-140
Specificity	Siglec-5/14 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Siglec-5/14 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1/20000.. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	Siglec-5/14;SIGLEC5/SIGLEC14;Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 5/Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 14;SIGLEC5;CD33L2;OBBP2;Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 5;Siglec-5;CD33 antigen-like 2;Obesity-binding protein 2;OB-BP2;OB-binding protein 2;CD170;SIGLEC14;Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 14;Siglec-14
Observed Band	60kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	60kD
Cell Pathway	Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.
Tissue Specificity	Expressed by monocytic/myeloid lineage cells. Found at high levels in peripheral blood leukocytes, spleen, bone marrow and at lower levels in lymph node, lung, appendix, placenta, pancreas and thymus. Expressed by monocytes and neutrophils but absent from leukemic cell lines representing early stages of myelomonocytic differentiation.
Function	domain:Contains 1 copy of a cytoplasmic motif that is referred to as the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitor motif (ITIM). This motif is involved in modulation of cellular responses. The phosphorylated ITIM motif can bind the SH2 domain of several SH2-containing phosphatases.,function:Putative adhesion molecule that mediates sialic-acid dependent binding to cells. Binds



equally to alpha-2,3-linked and alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid. The sialic acid recognition site may be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on the same cell surface.,online information:Siglec-5,similarity:Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. SIGLEC (sialic acid binding Ig-like lectin) family.,similarity:Contains 1 Ig-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.,similarity:Contains 2 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.,tissue specificity:Expressed by monocytic/myeloid lineage cells. Found at high l

Background

This gene encodes a member of the sialic acid-binding immunoglobulin-like lectin (Siglec) family. These cell surface lectins are characterized by structural motifs in the immunoglobulin (Ig)-like domains and sialic acid recognition sites in the first Ig V set domain. The encoded protein is a member of the CD33-related subset of Siglecs and inhibits the activation of several cell types including monocytes, macrophages and neutrophils. Binding of group B Streptococcus (GBS) to the encoded protein plays a role in GBS immune evasion. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2012],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

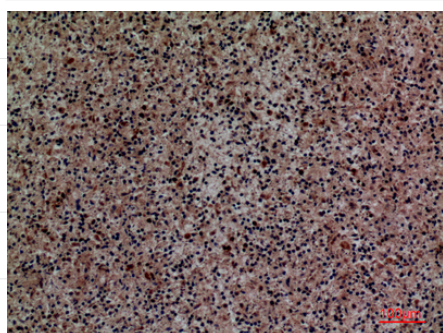
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



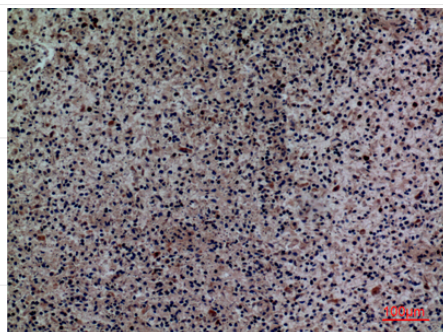
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of L929 cells using Siglec-5/14 Polyclonal Antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:1000. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-spleen, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-spleen, antibody was diluted at 1:100