



ITGA6 (heavy chain, Cleaved-Arg938) mouse mAb

Catalog No	YP-mAb-16816
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	ITGA6
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human ITGA6 (heavy chain, Cleaved-Arg938)
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human ITGA6 (heavy chain, Cleaved-Arg938, protein was cleaved amino acid sequence between 938-939)
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	ITGA6;CD49 antigen-like family member F;CD49f;Integrin alpha-6;Integrin alpha-6 heavy chain;ITGA6 (heavy chain;Cleaved-Arg938);Integrin alpha-6 (CD49 antigen-like family member F;VLA-6;CD antigen CD49f) [Cleaved into: Integrin alpha-6 heavy chain;Integrin alpha-6 light chain]; Cleaved-Arg938)
Observed Band	100 110kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	100 110kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Cell membrane ; Lipid-anchor .
Tissue Specificity	Integrin alpha-6/beta-4 is predominantly expressed by epithelia. Isoforms containing segment X1 are ubiquitously expressed. Isoforms containing segment X1X2 are expressed in heart, kidney, placenta, colon, duodenum, myoblasts and myotubes, and in a limited number of cell lines; they are always coexpressed with the ubiquitous isoform containing segment X1. In some tissues (e.g. Salivary gland), isoforms containing cytoplasmic segment A and isoforms containing segment B are detected while in others, only isoforms containing one cytoplasmic segment are found (segment A in epidermis and segment B in kidney). Processed integrin alpha-6: Expressed at low levels in normal prostate tissue with elevated levels in prostate cancer tissue (at protein level) (PubMed:15023541).



Function

cell motion, cell-substrate junction assembly, cell adhesion, cell-matrix adhesion, cell surface receptor linked signal transduction, integrin-mediated signaling pathway, response to extracellular stimulus, cell migration, regulation of cell-cell adhesion, positive regulation of cell-cell adhesion, biological adhesion, cell projection organization, cell projection assembly, microspike assembly, regulation of cell adhesion, cell-substrate adhesion, cellular response to extracellular stimulus, cell adhesion mediated by integrin, cell junction assembly, cell junction organization, odontogenesis of dentine-containing tooth, odontogenesis, fat cell differentiation, positive regulation of cell adhesion, filopodium assembly, cell motility, brown fat cell differentiation, leukocyte migration, localization of cell,

Background

alternative products:Additional isoforms seem to exist. There is a combination of at least four alternatively spliced domains, two extracellular (X1 and X2) and two cytoplasmic (A and B). So far detected are isoform Alpha-6X1A, isoform Alpha-6X1B and isoform Alpha-6X1X2A (minor). Experimental confirmation may be lacking for some isoforms,disease:Defects in ITGA6 are a cause of epidermolysis bullosa with pyloric atresia (EB-PA) [MIM:226730]; also known as aplasia cutis congenita with gastrointestinal atresia. EB-PA is an autosomal recessive disease characterized by mucocutaneous fragility and gastrointestinal atresia, which most commonly affects the pylorus.,function:Integrin alpha-6/beta-1 is a receptor for laminin on platelets. Integrin alpha-6/beta-4 is a receptor for laminin in epithelial cells and it plays a critical structural role in the hemidesmosome.,PTM:Isoforms containing segment A, but not segment B, are the major targets for PMA-induced phosphorylation. Phosphorylation occurs on 'Ser-1103' of isoform alpha-6X1X2A. Phosphorylation is not required for the induction of integrin alpha-6A/beta-1 high affinity but may reduce the affinity for ligand.,similarity:Belongs to the integrin alpha chain family.,similarity:Contains 7 FG-GAP repeats.,subunit:Heterodimer of an alpha and a beta subunit. The alpha subunit is composed of an heavy and a light chain linked by a disulfide bond. Alpha-6 associates with either beta-1 or beta-4. Interacts with HPS5. Interacts with RAB21.,tissue specificity:Integrin alpha-6/beta-4 is predominantly expressed by epithelia. Isoforms containing segment X1 are ubiquitously expressed. Isoforms containing segment X1X2 are expressed in heart, kidney, placenta, colon, duodenum, myoblasts and myotubes, and in a limited number of cell lines; they are always coexpressed with the ubiquitous isoform containing segment X1. In some tissues (e.g. Salivary gland), isoforms containing cytoplasmic segment A and isoforms containing segment B are detected while in others, only isoforms containing one cytoplasmic segment are found (segment A in epidermis and segment B in kidney).,

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images