



PI 3-kinase p85 α / γ Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-14916
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	PIK3R1/PIK3R3
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human PI3-kinase p85-alpha/gamma. AA range:436-485
Specificity	PI 3-kinase p85 α / γ Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PI 3-kinase p85 α / γ protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	$\geq 90\%$
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	PIK3R1/PIK3R2;PI 3-kinase p85 α / γ ;PIK3R1/PIK3R3;Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase regulatory subunit alpha/gamma;PIK3R1;GRB1;Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase regulatory subunit alpha;PI3-kinase regulatory subunit alpha;PI3K regulatory subunit alpha;PtdIns-3-kinase regulatory subunit alpha; Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase 85 kDa regulatory subunit alph
Observed Band	54 83kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	54+83kD
Cell Pathway	nucleus,cytoplasm,cis-Golgi network,cytosol,plasma membrane,cell-cell junction, phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase complex,phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase complex, class IA,membrane,perinuclear endoplasmic reticulum membrane,
Tissue Specificity	Isoform 2 is expressed in skeletal muscle and brain, and at lower levels in kidney and cardiac muscle. Isoform 2 and isoform 4 are present in skeletal muscle (at protein level).
Function	disease:Defects in PIK3R1 are a cause of severe insulin resistance.,domain:The SH3 domain mediates the binding to CBLB, and to HIV-1 Nef.,function:Binds to activated (phosphorylated) protein-Tyr kinases, through its SH2 domain, and acts as an adapter, mediating the association of the p110 catalytic unit to the



plasma membrane. Necessary for the insulin-stimulated increase in glucose uptake and glycogen synthesis in insulin-sensitive tissues.,
PTM:Polyubiquitinated in T-cells by CBLB; which does not promote proteasomal degradation but impairs association with CD28 and CD3Z upon T-cell activation.,
similarity:Belongs to the PI3K p85 subunit family.,similarity:Contains 1 Rho-GAP domain.,similarity:Contains 1 SH3 domain.,similarity:Contains 2 SH2 domains.,
subunit:Heterodimer of a p110 (catalytic) and a p85 (regulatory) subunits.
Interacts with phosphorylated TOM1L1. Interacts with phosphorylat

Background

Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase phosphorylates the inositol ring of phosphatidylinositol at the 3-prime position. The enzyme comprises a 110 kD catalytic subunit and a regulatory subunit of either 85, 55, or 50 kD. This gene encodes the 85 kD regulatory subunit. Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase plays an important role in the metabolic actions of insulin, and a mutation in this gene has been associated with insulin resistance. Alternative splicing of this gene results in four transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2011],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images