



CD45 (phospho Ser1007) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-13846
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	PTPRC
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human CD45 around the phosphorylation site of Ser1007. AA range:981-1030
Specificity	Phospho-CD45 (S1007) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CD45 protein only when phosphorylated at S1007.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	B22;CD 45;CD45;CD45 antigen;CD45R;GP18;L-CA;LCA;Leukocyte common antigen;loc;Ly-5;LY5;homolog of;Lyt-4;OTTHUMP33813;OTTHUMP33816;OTTHUMP33817;OTTHUMP38574;Protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type c polypeptide;Protein tyrosine phosphatase;receptor type C;receptor type;C;c polypeptide;Ptprc;PTPRC_HUMAN;Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase C;T2;T2 glycoprotein;T2 leukocyte common antigen;T200;CD antigen CD45
Observed Band	150kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	150kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Membrane raft . Colocalized with DPP4 in membrane rafts. .
Tissue Specificity	Isoform 1: Detected in thymocytes. Isoform 2: Detected in thymocytes. Isoform 3: Detected in thymocytes. Isoform 4: Not detected in thymocytes. Isoform 5: Detected in thymocytes. Isoform 6: Not detected in thymocytes. Isoform 7: Detected in thymocytes. Isoform 8: Not detected in thymocytes.



Function

alternative products: At least 8 isoforms are produced, catalytic activity: Protein tyrosine phosphate + H₂O = protein tyrosine + phosphate., disease: Defects in PTPRC are a cause of severe combined immunodeficiency autosomal recessive T-cell-negative/B-cell-positive/NK-cell-positive (T(-)B(+)NK(+))SCID [MIM:608971]. SCID refers to a genetically and clinically heterogeneous group of rare congenital disorders characterized by impairment of both humoral and cell-mediated immunity, leukopenia, and low or absent antibody levels. Patients with SCID present in infancy with recurrent, persistent infections by opportunistic organisms. The common characteristic of all types of SCID is absence of T-cell-mediated cellular immunity due to a defect in T-cell development., disease: Genetic variations in PTPRC are involved in multiple sclerosis susceptibility (MS) [MIM:126200]. MS is a neurodegenerative dis

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitosis, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP contains an extracellular domain, a single transmembrane segment and two tandem intracytoplasmic catalytic domains, and thus is classified as a receptor type PTP. This PTP has been shown to be an essential regulator of T- and B-cell antigen receptor signaling. It functions through either direct interaction with components of the antigen receptor complexes, or by activating various Src family kinases required for the antigen receptor signaling. This PTP also suppresses JAK kinases, and thus functions as a regulator of cytokine receptor signaling. Alternatively spliced transcripts variants of this gene, which enc

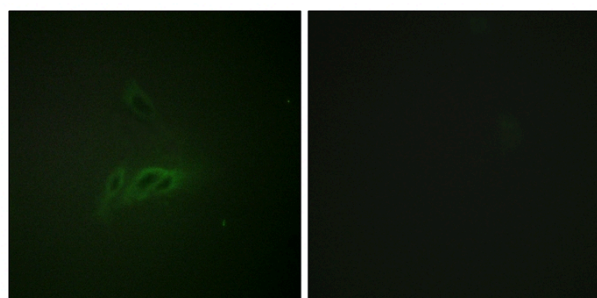
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

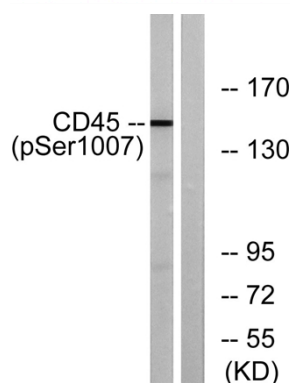
Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using CD45 (Phospho-Ser1007) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells treated with TNF 20ng/ml 15', using CD45 (Phospho-Ser1007) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.