



CD16 Monoclonal Antibody(Q32)

Catalog No	YP-Ab-13837
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;
Gene Name	FCGR3A/FCGR3B
Immunogen	Synthetic Peptide of CD16
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous CD16 protein.
Formulation	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.5%BSA, 0.02% sodium azide as Preservative and 50% Glycerol.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB: 1:1000 IHC 1:50-300. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	CD16;FCGR3A/FCGR3B;Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor III-A/Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor III-B
Observed Band	45kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	45kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Secreted . Exists also as a soluble receptor. .
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in natural killer cells (at protein level) (PubMed:2526846). Expressed in a subset of circulating monocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:27670158).
Function	function:Receptor for the Fc region of IgG. Binds complexed or aggregated IgG and also monomeric IgG. Mediates antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) and other antibody-dependent responses, such as phagocytosis., miscellaneous:Encoded by one of two nearly identical genes: FCGR3A (Shown here) and FCGR3B which are expressed in a tissue-specific manner. The Phe-203 in III-A determines the transmembrane domains whereas the Ser-203 in III-B determines the GPI-anchoring.,online information:FCGR3A mutation db, polymorphism:Isoform Val-157 shows a higher binding capacity of IgG1, IgG3 and IgG4 compared with isoform Phe-157. Alleles Leu-66 and Phe-157, and alleles His-66 / Arg-66 and Val-157 are in linkage disequilibrium.,



PTM:Glycosylated. Contains high mannose- and complex-type oligosaccharides.,PTM:The soluble form is produced by a proteolytic cleavage., similarity:Contains 2 Ig-like C2-

Background

This gene encodes a receptor for the Fc portion of immunoglobulin G, and it is involved in the removal of antigen-antibody complexes from the circulation, as well as other other antibody-dependent responses. This gene (FCGR3A) is highly similar to another nearby gene (FCGR3B) located on chromosome 1. The receptor encoded by this gene is expressed on natural killer (NK) cells as an integral membrane glycoprotein anchored through a transmembrane peptide, whereas FCGR3B is expressed on polymorphonuclear neutrophils (PMN) where the receptor is anchored through a phosphatidylinositol (PI) linkage. Mutations in this gene have been linked to susceptibility to recurrent viral infections, susceptibility to systemic lupus erythematosus, and alloimmune neonatal neutropenia. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq,

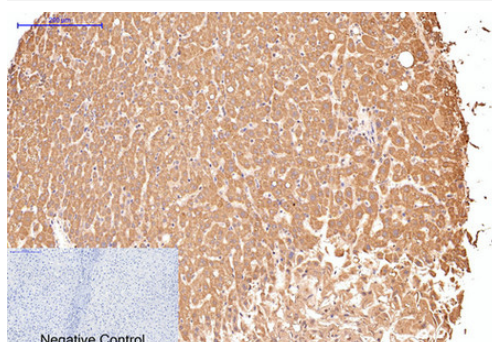
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

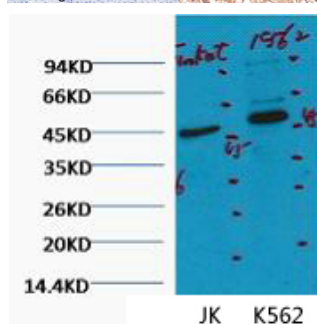
Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-liver tissue. 1,CD16 Monoclonal Antibody(Q32) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Western blot analysis of 1) Jurkat, 2) K562, diluted at 1:2000.