



Rad21 Rabbit mAb

Catalog No	YP-rAb-18082
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Applications	WB,IHC,IF,IP,ELISA
Gene Name	RAD21
Protein Name	Double-strand-break repair protein rad21 homolog
Purification Process	Protein A
Specificity	Endogenous
Formulation	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA
Source	Monoclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution	IHC 1:200-1000; WB 1:1000-5000; IF 1:200-1000; ELISA 1:5000-20000; IP 1:50-200 Note: For IHC, we suggest antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-15 ° C to -25 ° C/1 year(Do not lower than -25 ° C)
Synonyms	Rad21;Double-strand-break repair protein rad21 homolog;RAD21 ; HR21 ; KIAA0078 ; NXP1 ; Double-strand-break repair protein rad21 homolog ; hHR21 ; Nuclear matrix protein 1 ; NXP-1 ; SCC1 homolog
Observed Band	130kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	72kD
Cell Pathway	Nuclear
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in the gut (at protein level).
Function	Domain:The C-terminal part associates with the head of SMC1A, while the N-terminal part binds to the head of SMC3.,Function:Cleavable component of the cohesin complex, involved in chromosome cohesion during cell cycle, in DNA repair, and in apoptosis. The cohesin complex is required for the cohesion of sister chromatids after DNA replication. The cohesin complex apparently forms a large proteinaceous ring within which sister chromatids can be trapped. At metaphase-anaphase transition, this protein is cleaved by separase/ESPL1 and dissociates from chromatin, allowing sister chromatids to segregate. The cohesin complex may also play a role in spindle pole assembly during mitosis. Also plays a role in apoptosis, via its cleavage by caspase-3/CASP3 or caspase-7/CASP7 during early steps of apoptosis: the C-terminal 64 kDa cleavage product may act as a nuclear signal to initiate cytoplasmic events involved in the apoptotic



pathway.,polymorphism:Some radiosensitive cancer patients seem to have Arg-481 instead of the conserved Gly-481. It may be that this mutation could contribute to radiosensitivity.,PTM:Cleaved by separase/ESPL1 at the onset of anaphase. Cleaved by caspase-3 and caspase-7 at the beginning of apoptosis . The cleavage by ESPL1 and caspase-3 take place at different sites.,PTM:Phosphorylated; becomes hyperphosphorylated in M phase of cell cycle. The large dissociation of cohesin from chromosome arms during prophase may be partly due to its phosphorylation by PLK.,similarity:Belongs to the rad21 family.,subcellular location:Associates with chromatin. Before prophase it is scattered along chromosome arms. During prophase, most of cohesin complexes dissociate from chromatin probably because of phosphorylation by PLK, except at centromeres, where cohesin complexes remain. At anaphase, it is cleaved by separase/ESPL1, leading to the dissociation of the complex from chromosomes, allowing chromosome separation. Once cleaved by caspase-3, the C-terminal 64 kDa cleavage product translocates to the cytoplasm, where it may trigger apoptosis.,subunit:Cohesin complexes are composed of the SMC1 (SMC1A or SMC1B) and SMC3 heterodimer attached via their hinge domain, RAD21 which link them, and one STAG protein (STAG1, STAG2 or STAG3), which interacts with RAD21. Found in a complex with SMC1A, SMC3, CDCA5, PDS5A/APRIN and PDS5B/SCC-112.,

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is highly similar to the gene product of *Schizosaccharomyces pombe rad21*, a gene involved in the repair of DNA double-strand breaks, as well as in chromatid cohesion during mitosis. This protein is a nuclear phospho-protein, which becomes hyperphosphorylated in cell cycle M phase. The highly regulated association of this protein with mitotic chromatin specifically at the centromere region suggests its role in sister chromatid cohesion in mitotic cells. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

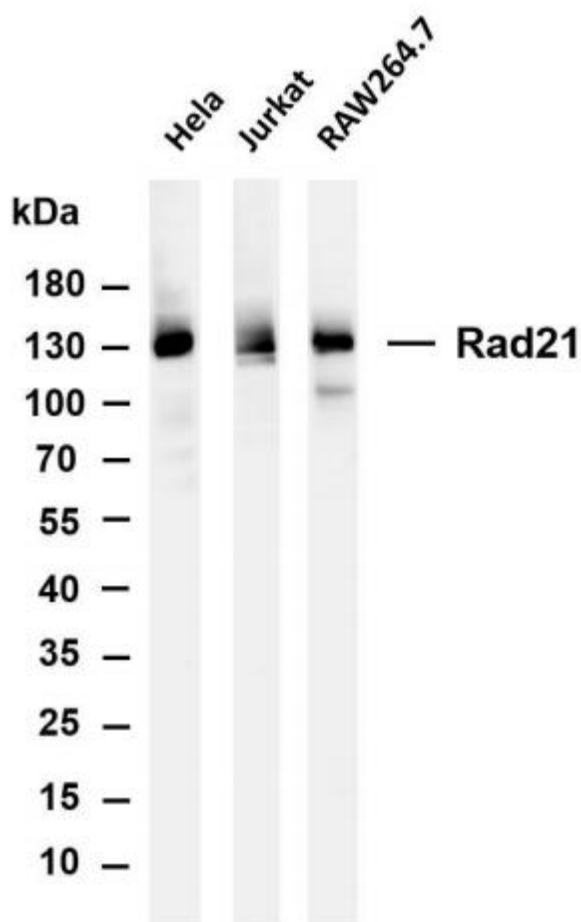
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

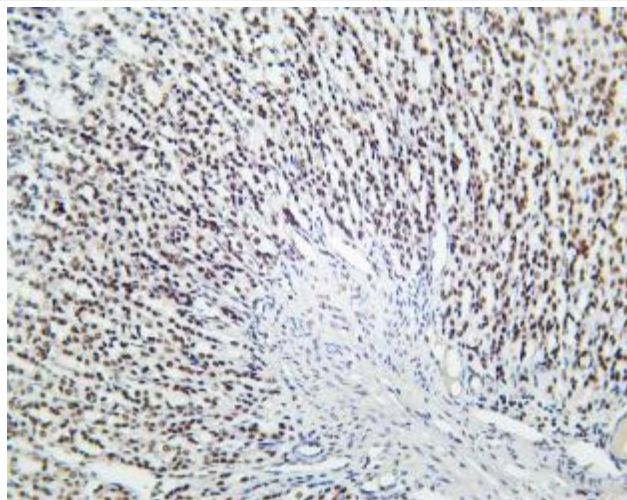
Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



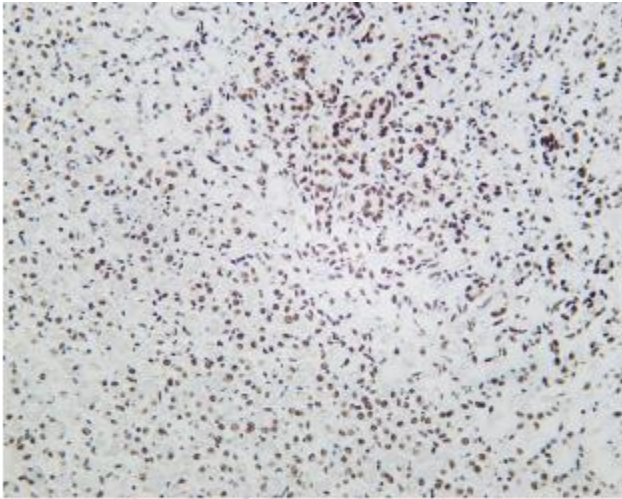


Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-Rad21 antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: HeLa Lane 2: Jurkat Lane 3: RAW264.7 Predicted band size: 72kDa Observed band size: 130kDa

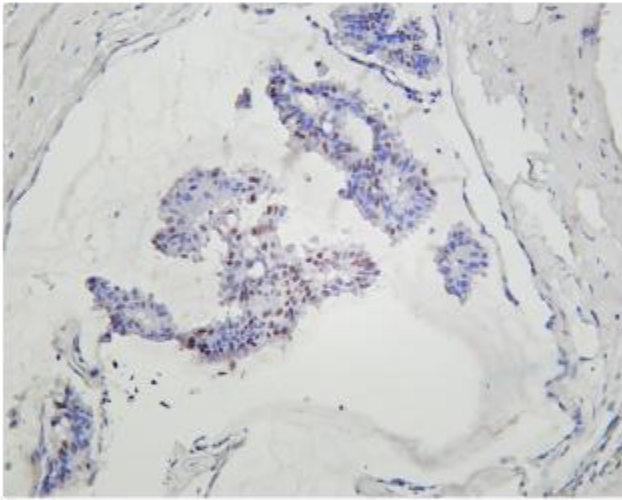


Rat stomach was stained with Anti-Rad21 rabbit antibody

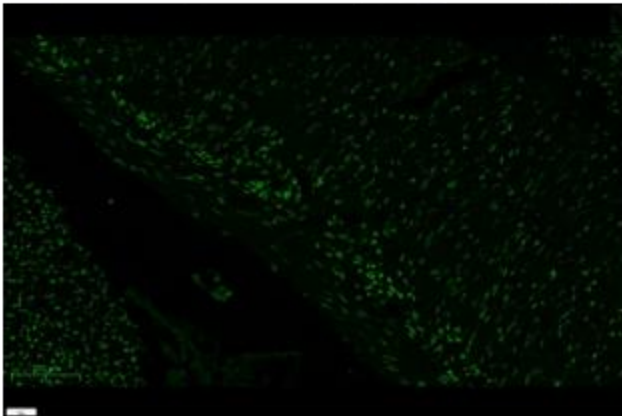




Mouse stomach was stained with Anti-Rad21 rabbit antibody



Human breast carcinoma was stained with Anti-Rad21 rabbit antibody



mouse stomach was stained with Anti-Rad21 rabbit antibody

