



# Progesterone Receptor(PR) Rabbit mAb

|                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Catalog No                  | YP-rAb-17779                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Isotype                     | IgG                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Reactivity                  | Human                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Applications                | WB,IHC,IF,IP,ELISA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Gene Name                   | PGR;NR3C3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Protein Name                | Progesterone Receptor(PR)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Purification Process        | Protein A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Specificity                 | Endogenous                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Formulation                 | PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Source                      | Monoclonal, Rabbit,IgG                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Dilution                    | IHC 1:200-1:1000; WB 1:10000-1:50000; IF 1:200-1:1000; ELISA 1:5000-1:20000; IP 1:50-1:200; Note: For IHC, we suggest antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Concentration               | 0.5 mg/ml                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Purity                      | ≥90%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Storage Stability           | -15 ° C to -25 ° C/1 year(Do not lower than -25 ° C)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Synonyms                    | PR;Progesterone Receptor(PR);PGR ; NR3C3 ; Progesterone receptor ; PR ; Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 3;PGR;NR3C3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Observed Band               | 118kD                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Calculated Molecular Weight | 99kD                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Cell Pathway                | Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Nucleoplasmic shuttling is both hormone- and cell cycle-dependent. On hormone stimulation, retained in the cytoplasm in the G(1) and G(2)/M phases.; [Isoform A]: Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Mainly nuclear.; [Isoform 4]: Mitochondrion outer membrane .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Tissue Specificity          | In reproductive tissues the expression of isoform A and isoform B varies as a consequence of developmental and hormonal status. Isoform A and isoform B are expressed in comparable levels in uterine glandular epithelium during the proliferative phase of the menstrual cycle. Expression of isoform B but not of isoform A persists in the glands during mid-secretory phase. In the stroma, isoform A is the predominant form throughout the cycle. Heterogeneous isoform expression between the glands of the endometrium basalis and functionalis is implying region-specific responses to hormonal stimuli. |
| Function                    | Domain:Composed of three domains: a modulating N-terminal domain, a DNA-binding domain and a C-terminal steroid-binding domain .,Function:Isoform A is inactive in stimulating c-Src/MAPK signaling on hormone                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

杭州臻优品生物科技有限公司

热销产品:

蛋白、一抗、抗体对、ELISA试剂盒、生化试剂盒  
CCK8试剂盒、QPCR检测试剂盒

检测服务:

ELISA检测及定制服务|生化检测|PCR、QPCR检测|WB检测  
ICO-IP检测|切片|染色|免疫组化|免疫荧光|透射电镜全套  
|宏基因组、转录组、基因组、蛋白组、代谢组测序



关注官网



关注客服



stimulation.,Function:The steroid hormones and their receptors are involved in the regulation of eukaryotic gene expression and affect cellular proliferation and differentiation in target tissues. Progesterone receptor isoform B (PRB) is involved activation of c-SRC/MAPK signaling on hormone stimulation.,online information:Progesterone receptor entry,PTM:Phosphorylated on multiple serine sites. Several of these sites are hormone-dependent. Phosphorylation on Ser-294 occurs preferentially on isoform B, is highly hormone-dependent and modulates ubiquitination and sumoylation on Lys-388. Phosphorylation on Ser-102 and Ser-345 also requires induction by hormone. Basal phosphorylation on Ser-81, Ser-162, Ser-190 and Ser-400 is increased in response to progesterone and can be phosphorylated in vitro by the CDK2-A1 complex. Increased levels of phosphorylation on Ser-400 also in the presence of EGF, heregulin, IGF, PMA and FBS. Phosphorylation at this site by CDK2 is ligand-independent, and increases nuclear translocation and transcriptional activity. Phosphorylation at Ser-162 and Ser-294, but not at Ser-190, is impaired during the G(2)/M phase of the cell cycle. Phosphorylation on Ser-345 by ERK1/2 MAPK is required for interaction with SP1.,PTM:Sumoylation is hormone-dependent and represses transcriptional activity. Sumoylation on all three sites is enhanced by PIAS3 . Desumoylated by SENP1. Sumoylation on Lys-388, the main site of sumoylation, is repressed by ubiquitination on the same site, and modulated by phosphorylation at Ser-294.,PTM:Ubiquitination is hormone-dependent and represses sumoylation on the same site. Promoted by MAPK-mediated phosphorylation on Ser-294.,similarity:Belongs to the nuclear hormone receptor family.,similarity:Belongs to the nuclear hormone receptor family. NR3 subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 nuclear receptor DNA-binding domain.,subcellular location:Mainly nuclear.,subcellular location:Nucleoplasmic shuttling is both hormone- and cell cycle-dependent. On hormone stimulation, retained in the cytoplasm in the G(1) and G(2)/M phases.,subunit:Interacts with SMARD1 and UNC45A. Interacts with CUEDC2; the interaction promotes ubiquitination, decreases sumoylation, and represses transcriptional activity. Interacts with PIAS3; the interaction promotes sumoylation of PR in a hormone-dependent manner, inhibits DNA-binding, and alters nuclear export. Interacts with SP1; the interaction requires ligand-induced phosphorylation on Ser-345 by ERK1/2 MAPK.,

## Background

This gene encodes a member of the steroid receptor superfamily. The encoded protein mediates the physiological effects of progesterone, which plays a central role in reproductive events associated with the establishment and maintenance of pregnancy. This gene uses two distinct promoters and translation start sites in the first exon to produce several transcript variants, both protein coding and non-protein coding. Two of the isoforms (A and B) are identical except for an additional 165 amino acids found in the N-terminus of isoform B and mediate their own response genes and physiologic effects with little overlap. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015],

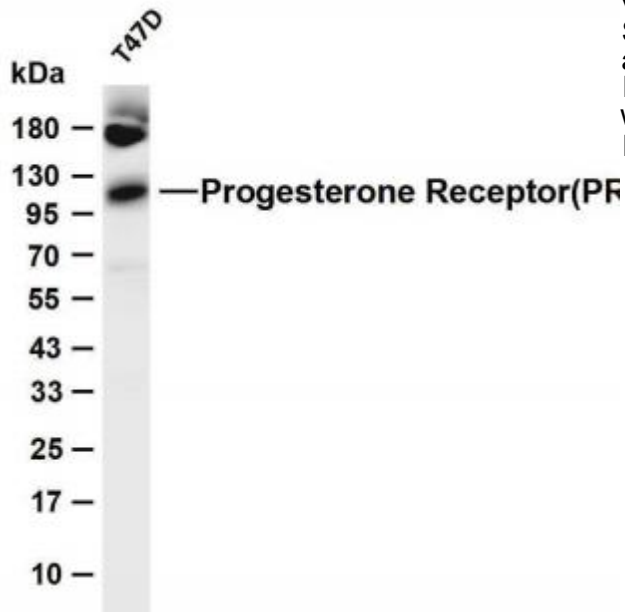
## matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

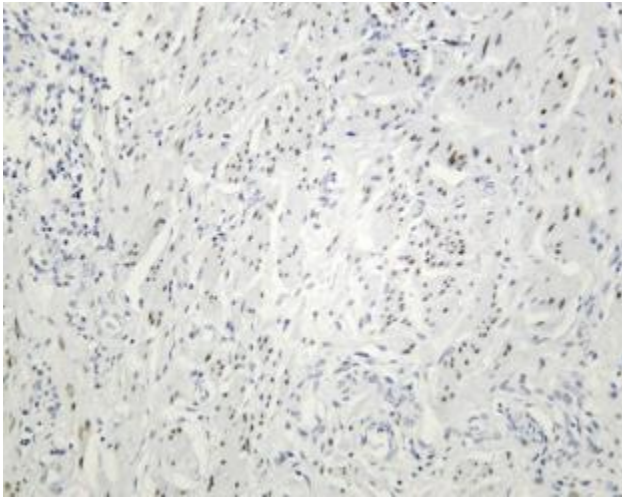
## Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.





Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-Progesterone Receptor(PR) antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: T47D  
Predicted band size: 99kDa Observed band size: 118kDa



Human squamous carcinoma of the cervix was stained with anti-Progesterone Receptor(PR) Rabbit antibody

