



SGK1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog No	YP-rAb-17274
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Applications	WB,IHC,IF,IP,ELISA
Gene Name	SGK1
Protein Name	Serine/threonine-protein kinase Sgk1
Purification Process	Protein A
Specificity	Endogenous
Formulation	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA
Source	Monoclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution	IHC 1:200-1:1000; WB 1:500-1:2000; IF 1:200-1:1000; ELISA 1:5000-1:20000; IP 1:50-1:200; Note: For IHC, we suggest antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-15 ° C to -25 ° C/1 year(Do not lower than -25 ° C)
Synonyms	SGK1 ; SGK ; Serine/threonine-protein kinase Sgk1 ; Serum/glucocorticoid-regulated kinase 1
Observed Band	49kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	49kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Cell membrane. Mitochondrion. The subcellular localization is controlled by the cell cycle, as well as by exposure to specific hormones and environmental stress stimuli. In proliferating cells, it shuttles between the nucleus and cytoplasm in synchrony with the cell cycle, and in serum/growth factor-stimulated cells it resides in the nucleus. In contrast, after exposure to environmental stress or treatment with glucocorticoids, it is detected in the cytoplasm and with certain stress conditions is associated with the mitochondria. In osmoregulation through the epithelial sodium channel, it can be localized to the cytoplasmic surface of the cell membrane. Nuclear, upon phosphorylation.; [Isoform 2]: Cell membrane.
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in most tissues with highest levels in the pancreas, followed by placenta, kidney and lung. Isoform 2 is strongly expressed in brain and pancreas, weaker in heart, placenta, lung, liver and skeletal muscle.
Function	Catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.enzyme regulation:Two specific sites, one in the kinase domain (Thr-256) and the other in the C-terminal regulatory region (Ser-422), need to be phosphorylated for its full





activation.,Function:Protein kinase that plays an important role in cellular stress response. Activates certain potassium, sodium, and chloride channels, suggesting an involvement in the regulation of processes such as cell survival, neuronal excitability, and renal sodium excretion. Sustained high levels and activity may contribute to conditions such as hypertension and diabetic nephropathy. Mediates cell survival signals, phosphorylates and negatively regulates pro-apoptotic FOXO3A. Phosphorylates NEDD4L, which leads to its inactivation and to the subsequent activation of various channels and transporters such as ENaC, Kv1.3, or EAAT1.,induction:By serum and/or glucocorticoids. By excessive extracellular glucose and by TGF-beta, in cultured cells.,PTM:Regulated by phosphorylation. Phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3-kinase) pathway promotes phosphorylation at Ser-422 which in turn increases the phosphorylation of Thr-256 by PDPK1.,PTM:Ubiquitinated by NEDD4L; which promotes proteasomal degradation. Ubiquitinated by SYVN1 at the endoplasmic reticulum; which promotes rapid proteasomal degradation and maintains a high turnover rate in resting cells.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily . AGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family.,similarity:Contains 1 AGC-kinase C-terminal domain.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,subcellular location:Nuclear, upon phosphorylation.,subunit:Interacts with NEDD4 and NEDD4L.,tissue specificity:Expressed in most tissues with highest levels in the pancreas, followed by placenta, kidney and lung.,

Background

This gene encodes a serine/threonine protein kinase that plays an important role in cellular stress response. This kinase activates certain potassium, sodium, and chloride channels, suggesting an involvement in the regulation of processes such as cell survival, neuronal excitability, and renal sodium excretion. High levels of expression of this gene may contribute to conditions such as hypertension and diabetic nephropathy. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been noted for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2009],

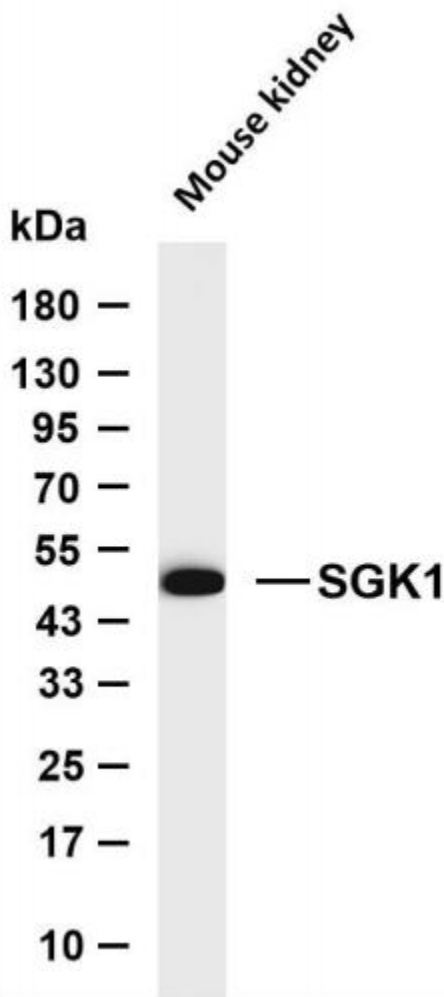
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

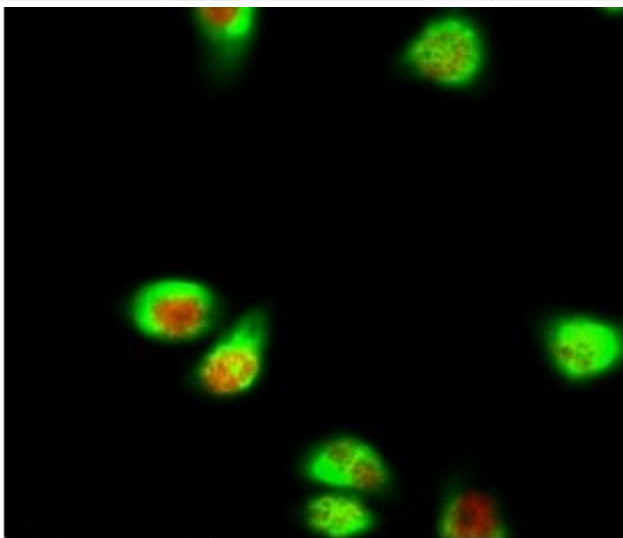
Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

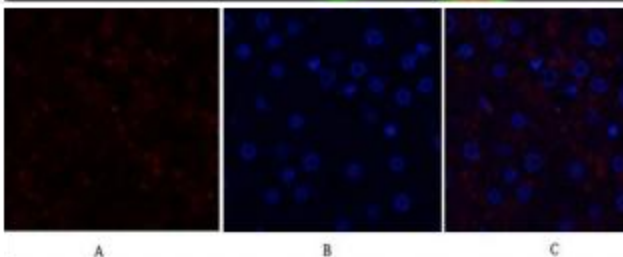




Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-SGK1 antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: Mouse kidney Predicted band size: 49kDa Observed band size: 49kDa



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cell. 1,SGK1 Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4 ° overnight). α-SMA Monoclonal Antibody(6A12)(green) was diluted at 1:200(4 ° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 594 Catalog:



Immunofluorescence analysis of human-liver tissue . 1,SGK1 Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4 ° overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B





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