



# QTRT1 Rabbit pAb

|                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| <b>Catalog No</b>                  | YP-Ab-19416  |
| <b>Isotype</b>                     | IgG  |
| <b>Reactivity</b>                  | Human,Mouse,Rat  |
| <b>Applications</b>                | WB   |
| <b>Gene Name</b>                   | QTRT1 TGT TGUT   |
| <b>Protein Name</b>                | Queuine tRNA-ribosyltransferase (Guanine insertion enzyme) (tRNA-guanine transglycosylase)   |
| <b>Immunogen</b>                   | Synthesized peptide derived from human QTRT1. AA range:283-353   |
| <b>Specificity</b>                 | This antibody detects endogenous levels of QTRT1 at Human, Mouse,Rat   |
| <b>Formulation</b>                 | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.  |
| <b>Source</b>                      | Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG   |
| <b>Purification</b>                | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.  |
| <b>Dilution</b>                    | WB 1:500-2000  |
| <b>Concentration</b>               | 1 mg/ml  |
| <b>Purity</b>                      | ≥90%   |
| <b>Storage Stability</b>           | -20°C/1 year   |
| <b>Synonyms</b>                    |  |
| <b>Observed Band</b>               |  |
| <b>Calculated Molecular Weight</b> | 44kD   |
| <b>Cell Pathway</b>                | Cytoplasm . Mitochondrion outer membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Weakly associates with mitochondria , possibly via QTRT2. .  |
| <b>Tissue Specificity</b>          |  |
| <b>Function</b>                    | Catalytic subunit of the queuine tRNA-ribosyltransferase (TGT) that catalyzes the base-exchange of a guanine (G) residue with queuine (Q) at position 34 (anticodon wobble position) in tRNAs with GU (N) anticodons (tRNA-Asp , -Asn , -His and -Tyr) , resulting in the hypermodified nucleoside queuosine (7- ( ( 4 ,5-cis-dihydroxy-2-cyclopenten-1-yl) amino) methyl) -7-deazaguanosine) . Catalysis occurs through a double-displacement mechanism. The nucleophile active site attacks the C1' of nucleotide 34 to detach the guanine base from the RNA , forming a covalent enzyme-RNA intermediate. The proton acceptor active site deprotonates the incoming queuine , allowing a nucleophilic attack on the C1' of the ribose to form the product (By similarity) . |
| <b>Background</b>                  |  |



**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**